

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Rust Protection 2000 PLUS charcoal-grey

## Section 1. Identification

**Product identifier** : Rust Protection 2000 PLUS charcoal-grey  
**Product code** : 110120  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Aerosol.  
**Color** : Gray. [Dark]

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Aerosol product

#### **Uses advised against**

Not applicable.

**Supplier's details** : WEICON GmbH & Co. KG  
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#### National contact

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**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : +1 866 928 0789 (24h - Toll free)  
TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free)

## Section 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : AEROSOLS - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### GHS label elements

##### **Hazard pictograms**



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## Section 2. Hazard identification

### Precautionary statements

- Prevention** : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.  
P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.  
P261 - Avoid breathing dust or mist.  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves.
- Response** : P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.  
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.  
P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.  
P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (v/v)	Identifiers
acetone	propan-2-one; propanone; 2-Propanone; Ketone propane; Dimethyl ketone; β-ketonepropane; acetonum; dimethylketone; methyl ketone; pyroacetic acid; pyroacetic ether; dimethylformaldehyde; Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I); 2-OXOPROPANE; BETA-KETOPROPANE; 2-Propanon, -e	≥5 - ≤10	CAS: 67-64-1
n-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n-Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n-Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons (predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 123-86-4
Hydrocarbons, C9 aromatics		≥1 - ≤5	CAS: -
2-butoxyethyl acetate	butylglycol acetate; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, 1-acetate; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, acetate; Ethylene glycol, monobutyl ether acetate; 2-BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE; Ektasolve EB acetate; Butyl Cellosolve acetate; Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate; EGBEA; n-Butoxyethyl acetate; BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE	≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 112-07-2
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		≥1 - ≤5	CAS: 64742-48-9

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin; epoxy resin; 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane; Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane; Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane; phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane; oxirane, (chloromethyl)-, polymer with 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis [phenol]; Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin polymer; Epichlorohydrin, bisphenol A resin; poly{(4,4'-propane-2,2-diyl)diphenol)-co-[2-(chloromethyl)oxirane]}; BADGE; DGEBA; diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A; bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin; (bisphenol A)-epichlorohydrin copolymer	≥0.1 - ≤1	CAS: 25068-38-6	
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Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Section 4. First-aid measures

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

### Hazardous thermal decomposition products

- : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
acetone	<p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm.            TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm.            STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm.            STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b>            TWAEV 8 hours: 250 ppm.            STEV 15 minutes: 500 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 8 hours: 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            OEL 15 minutes: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            OEL 8 hours: 500 ppm.            OEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm.</p>
n-butyl acetate	<p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.            TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025) [butyl acetate, all isomers]</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.            TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [butyl acetates, all isomers]</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.            TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [butyl acetates]</b>            STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.            TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b>            OEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.            OEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.            OEL 8 hours: 150 ppm.            OEL 8 hours: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p>
2-butoxyethyl acetate	<p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b>            STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm.            TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2025)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b>            TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.</p>

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)**  
C3.

TWAEV 8 hours: 10 ppm.

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)**

OEL 8 hours: 131 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

OEL 8 hours: 20 ppm.

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	: Gas.
<b>Color</b>	: Gray. [Dark]
<b>Odor</b>	: Benzene-like.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Fire point</b>	: >200°C (>392°F)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flammability</b>	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
<b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b>	: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 15%
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: 420 kPa (3150.3 mm Hg)
<b>Relative vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	: 0.72 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)]
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Miscible with water</b>	: No.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Heat of combustion</b>	: 21.94 kJ/g
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not available.

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### Aerosol product

**Type of aerosol** : Spray

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

##### **Product/ingredient name**

acetone

##### **Result**

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

5800 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor

n-butyl acetate

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

10768 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver - Other changes**Rabbit - Dermal - LD50**

&gt;17600 mg/kg

**Rat - Male, Female - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor**

&gt;21 mg/l [4 hours]

OECD 403

2-butoxyethyl acetate

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

2400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Hematuria Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes in urine composition**Rabbit - Dermal - LD50**

1500 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Hematuria Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes in urine composition Blood - Normocytic anemia

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

##### **Product/ingredient name**

acetone

##### **Result**

**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant**Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 500 mg**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant**Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg

2-butoxyethyl acetate

**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant**Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

##### **Product/ingredient name**

acetone

##### **Result**

**Human - Eyes - Mild irritant**Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm**Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant**Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL**Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant**Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 20 mg**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

### **Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### **Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
acetone	-	-	A4
2-butoxyethyl acetate	-	-	A3

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

#### **Product/ingredient name**

acetone

n-butyl acetate

Hydrocarbons, C9 aromatics

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes,  
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

#### **Result**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

#### **Product/ingredient name**

Hydrocarbons, C9 aromatics  
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes,  
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

#### **Result**

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### **Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Rust Protection 2000 PLUS silver-grey	N/A	33015.2	N/A	242.1	N/A
acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2400	1500	N/A	11	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

acetone

#### Result

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*  
10 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia pulex*

Age: <24 hours

8800 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia cucullata*

Age: 11 days

7460 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia cucullata*

Age: 11 days

7810 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Aquatic sowbug - *Asellus aquaticus*

7550 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Scud - *Gammarus pulex*

6000 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 28 days; Size: 19.2 mm; Weight: 0.076 g

7280 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

##### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 33 days; Size: 22.6 mm; Weight: 0.159 g

8120 mg/l [96 hours]

## Section 12. Ecological information

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 32 days; Size: 18 mm; Weight: 0.087 g

6210 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**

Crustaceans - Water flea - *Ceriodaphnia dubia* - Neonate

Age: <12 hours

8098 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - EC50 - Fresh water**

Algae - Green algae - *Selenastrum sp.*

7200 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

**Chronic - NOEC - Marine water**

Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa*

4.95 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Reproduction

**Acute - EC50 - Marine water**

Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa*

20.565 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Reproduction

**Chronic - NOEC - Marine water**

Algae - Diatom - *Skeletonema costatum*

100 µl/l [72 hours]

Effect: Population

**Chronic - NOEC - Marine water**

Algae - Diatom - *Skeletonema costatum*

100 µl/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

**Chronic - NOEC - Marine water**

Algae - Dinoflagellate - *Karenia brevis*

0.5 ml/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

**Acute - LC50 - Marine water**

ISO

Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - *Acartia tonsa* - Copepodid

4.42589 ml/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**

Crustaceans - Scud - *Gammarus pulex* - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)

Size: 5 to 10 mm

11.26487 ml/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**

Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g

8000 ppm [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**

Fish - Guppy - *Poecilia reticulata*

Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g

5600 ppm [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water**

Crustaceans - Daphnia - *Daphniidae*

0.016 ml/l [21 days]

Effect: Population

**Chronic - NOEC - Marine water**

## Section 12. Ecological information

n-butyl acetate

Fish - Threespine stickleback - *Gasterosteus aculeatus* - Larvae

Age: 7 days

5 µg/l [42 days]

Effect: Growth

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 31 to 32 days; Size: 21.6 mm; Weight: 0.175 g

18 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - LC50 - Fresh water**Fish - Zebra danio - *Danio rerio*

62 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Acute - LC50 - Marine water**Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina*

32 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	Low
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.

### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).  
**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1**  
**Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75**  
**Special provisions 80, 107**
- DOT Classification** : **Limited quantity** Yes.  
**Packaging instruction** Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None.  
**Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg.  
**Special provisions** N82
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-D, S-U  
**Special provisions** 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
- IATA** : **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.  
**Special provisions** A145, A167, A802
- Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: ethanol; butane (all isomers); propane; propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; butyl acetate (all isomers); other glycol ethers and acetates (and their isomers)
- CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.
- VOC content** : 86,92 %
- VOC (g/L)** : 634,4

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

<b>Australia</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Canada</b>	: Not determined.
<b>China</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Eurasian Economic Union</b>	: <b>Russian Federation inventory</b> : Not determined.
<b>Japan</b>	: <b>Japan inventory (CSCL)</b> : Not determined. <b>Japan inventory (ISHL)</b> : Not determined.
<b>New Zealand</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Philippines</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Republic of Korea</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Taiwan</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Thailand</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Turkey</b>	: Not determined.
<b>United States</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Viet Nam</b>	: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of printing** : 2/24/2026

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 2/5/2026

**Date of previous issue** : 2/5/2026

**Version** : 4.2

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
DOT = Department of Transportation  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
IMO = International Maritime Organization  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
TDG = Transportation of Dangerous Goods  
UN = United Nations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AEROSOLS - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

**References** : Not available.

## Section 16. Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

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