SAFETY DATA SHEET



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Anti-Seize Spray

Section 1. Identification **GHS** product identifier : Anti-Seize Spray Product code : 270000 Product type : Aerosol. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses Aerosol product Corrosion inhibitor.Lubricating agents When using Anti-Seize on chrome-nickel steel, the formation of chromium(VI) can occur above 400°C. Uses advised against Reason Not applicable. Supplier's details : WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone: +49 251 93220, Fax: +49 251 9322244 email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de e-mail address of person : msds@weicon.de responsible for this SDS **Emergency telephone** : +1 202 464 2554 / TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - USA (24h): Tel: +1 202 number 464 2554 Section 2. Hazards identification **OSHA/HCS** status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). **Classification of the** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas substance or mixture **SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2** SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **GHS label elements** Hazard pictograms Signal word : Danger Hazard statements : H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary statements

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
Response	: P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
butane	≥25 - ≤50	106-97-8
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	≥10 - <20	-
propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
calcium dihydroxide	≤5	1305-62-0
copper	≤3	7440-50-8
aluminium powder (stabilised)	≤3	7429-90-5
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-18-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	≤1	93820-57-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First a			
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Most important symptoms	effects, acute and delayed		
Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/sym	iptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
Indication of immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media						
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an ex	ktinguishing agent suitable	for the surrounding f	ire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None kno	wn.				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	a fire or if risk of a s a conside	y flammable aerosol. Runo heated, a pressure increas subsequent explosion. Gas rable distance to a source aerosol containers may be	se will occur and the may accumulate in of ignition and flash l	container may low or confined back, causing f	burst, wit d areas or fire or exp	h the travel
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product
	residue and can be hazardous.

Section 7. Handling and storage

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
putane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Butane] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	None.
propane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Oxyge Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
calcium dihydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
copper	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Dusts and mists, as Cu] TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dus
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

aluminium powder (stabilised)	and mist OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Copper Dust and mists (as Cu)] TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 10 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Fume] TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Copper Fume (as Cu)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Pyrophoric TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Welding fume NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Welding fume NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-18-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	None.
Biological exposure indices	

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measu	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state	: Aerosol.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Solvent
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 0.6%
Vapor pressure	: 350 kPa (2625.2 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Density	: 0.72 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility(ies)	:

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Not available.

Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: No.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Heat of combustion	: 22.79 kJ/g
Viscosity	: Kinematic: 0.45 mm²/s (0.45 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
<u>Aerosol product</u>	
Type of aerosol	: Spray

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m³	4 hours
calcium dihydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	27826.47 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
calcium dihydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
calcium dihydroxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

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Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure		
calcium dihydroxide	Acute LC50 33884.4 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Clarias gariepinus -</i> Fingerling	96 hours		
copper	Acute EC50 1100 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days		
	Acute EC50 2.1 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina -</i> Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours		
	Acute IC50 16 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours		
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - <i>Plantae -</i> Exponential growth phase	72 hours		
	Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 7.56 μg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Periophthalmus waltoni</i> - Adult	96 hours		
	Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia closterium -</i> Exponential growth phase	72 hours		
	Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>	3 days		
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Cambarus bartonii</i> - Mature	21 days		
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days		
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oreochromis niloticus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks		
aluminium powder (stabilised) Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Ceratophyllum</i> demersum	3 days		

Persistence and degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
butane	2.89	-	Low
propane	1.09	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	:	Not available.
coefficient (Koc)		

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	-				
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLES	EROSOLS (butane, propane)	rerosols, flammable (butane, propane)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

DOT Classification

This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.
 Limited quantity Yes.
 Packaging instruction Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None.
 Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg.
 Special provisions N82

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Section 14. Transport information

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TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 1 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 75 <u>Special provisions</u> 80, 107
Mexico Classification	: <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
ΙΑΤΑ	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802
Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

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U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: copper; zinc oxide
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: butane; propane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Composition/information	on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

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Name	%	Classification
butane	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
propane	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
calcium dihydroxide	≤5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
copper	≤3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
aluminium powder (stabilised)	≤3	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1 SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2
Benzenesulfonic acid, di- C10-18-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	≤1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	copper	7440-50-8	≤3
requirements	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	≤3
	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≤3
Supplier notification	copper	7440-50-8	≤3
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	≤3
	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≤3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; COPPER; ALUMINUM; ZINC OXIDE FUME
New York	: The following components are listed: Copper
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; COPPER; ALUMINUM; ZINC OXIDE
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; COPPER FUME; ZINC OXIDE FUME

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

<u>Inventory list</u>		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	:	Not determined.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method

<u>History</u>

Section 16. Other information

Date of printing	: 5/15/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025
Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025
Version	: 2.2
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.