

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 and ANSI standard Z400.1-2010  
Anti-Seize Assembly Paste Presspack

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Anti-Seize Assembly Paste Presspack  
Product code : 260001

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Aerosol product  
Corrosion inhibitor.Lubricating agent  
When using Anti-Seize on chrome-nickel steel, the formation of chromium(VI) can occur above 400°C.

Supplier's details : WEICON Canada Inc.  
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Emergency telephone number : +1 202 464 2554 / TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - USA (24h): Tel: +1 202 464 2554

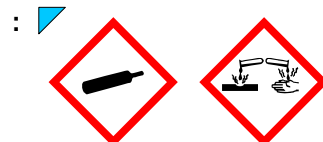
## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture :  GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :  H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

### Precautionary statements

Prevention :  P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

Response :  P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage :  P410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal :  Not applicable.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

| Ingredient name  | %         | CAS number |
|--|-----------|------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | ≥10 - ≤25 | 64742-53-6 |
| calcium dihydroxide                                    | <10       | 1305-62-0  |
| copper   | ≤5        | 7440-50-8  |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name  | Exposure limits   |
|--|---|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]</b><br/>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL]</b><br/>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist<br/>STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral]</b><br/>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> |
| calcium dihydroxide                                    | <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br/>TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust</p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).</b><br/>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b></p>  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

copper

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**  
 TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).**  
 TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dust and mist  
 TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume  
**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**  
 TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists  
 TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume  
**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**  
 TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 10 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists  
**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**  
 TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists  
 TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®/butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Physical state</b>  | : Aerosol.  |
| <b>Color</b>   | : Gray.   |
| <b>Odor</b>  | : Benzene-like.   |
| <b>Odor threshold</b>  | : Not available.  |
| <b>pH</b>  | : Not applicable.   |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                            | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.   |
| <b>Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range</b> | : Not available.  |
| <b>Flash point</b>   | : Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]   |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>  | : Not available.  |
| <b>Flammability</b>  | : Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.<br>Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat. |
| <b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b>      | : Not available.  |
| <b>Vapor pressure</b>  | : Not available.  |
| <b>Relative vapor density</b>                                  | : Not available.  |
| <b>Relative density</b>  | : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Not applicable.   |
| <b>Density</b>   | : 1.2 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)]   |
| <b>Solubility(ies)</b>   | :<br>Not available.   |
| <b>Solubility in water</b>                                     | : Not available.  |
| <b>Miscible with water</b>                                     | : No.   |
| <b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>                  | : Not applicable.   |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                               | : Not applicable.   |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                               | : Not available.  |
| <b>Viscosity</b>   | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable.   |
| <b>Flow time (ISO 2431)</b>                                    | : Not available.  |
| <b>Particle characteristics</b>                                |   |
| <b>Median particle size</b>                                    | : Not applicable.   |
| <b>Aerosol product</b>   |   |
| <b>Type of aerosol</b>   | : Spray   |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.           |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | : The product is stable.   |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                      |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | : No specific data.  |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | : No specific data.  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                                | Result                          | Species | Dose                   | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------|----------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat     | 2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg            | -        |
| calcium dihydroxide                                    | LD50 Oral                       | Rat     | 7340 mg/kg             | -        |

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value      |
|-------|----------------|
| Oral  | 13333.33 mg/kg |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name                                | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 0.5 MI | -           |
|  | Skin - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg          | -           |
| calcium dihydroxide                                    | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 10 mg           | -           |

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| calcium dihydroxide | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

| Name   | Result                         |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- Skin contact** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain  
 watering  
 redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 respiratory tract irritation  
 coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 redness  
 blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** :  No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                              | Species   | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------|
| calcium dihydroxide     | Acute LC50 33884.4 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - <i>Clarias gariepinus</i> - Fingerling                                   | 96 hours |
| copper                  | Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water    | Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i>   | 4 days   |
|                         | Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute IC50 16 µg/l Fresh water      | Algae - <i>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</i> - Exponential growth phase                 | 72 hours |



## Section 12. Ecological information

|                                    |   |          |
|------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water   | Aquatic plants - <i>Plantae</i> - Exponential growth phase                      | 72 hours |
| Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Amphipoda</i> - Adult  | 48 hours |
| Acute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine water  | Fish - <i>Periophthalmus waltoni</i> - Adult                                    | 96 hours |
| Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Nitzschia closterium</i> - Exponential growth phase                  | 72 hours |
| Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water    | Aquatic plants - <i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>                                  | 3 days   |
| Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - <i>Cambarus bartonii</i> - Mature                                 | 21 days  |
| Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>  | 21 days  |
| Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - <i>Oreochromis niloticus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 6 weeks  |

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient ( $K_{oc}$ ) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.






## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                         | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IMDG     | IATA                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| UN number               | UN1950             | UN1950             | UN1950                | UN1950   | UN1950                  |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols           | AEROSOLS           | AEROSOLS              | AEROSOLS | Aerosols, non-flammable |
|                         |                    |                    |                       |          |                         |

## Section 14. Transport information

|                            |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.2<br> | 2.2<br> | 2.2<br> | 2.2<br> | 2.2<br> |
| Packing group              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| Environmental hazards      | No.  | Yes.   | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.                       | Yes.   | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.                         |

### Additional information

- DOT Classification** : **Limited quantity** Yes.  
**Packaging instruction** Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None.  
**Quantity limitation** Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg.
- TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.  
**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1**  
**Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75**  
**Special provisions** 80, 107
- Mexico Classification** : **Special provisions** 63, 190, 277, 327, 344
- IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  
**Emergency schedules** F-D, S-U  
**Special provisions** 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  
**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.  
**Special provisions** A98, A145, A167, A802
- Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

- U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**TSCA 12(b) annual export notification:** Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** copper; zinc oxide; Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)
- Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Not listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed
- DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

## Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed  
(Essential Chemicals)

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

Classification :  GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

#### Composition/information on ingredients

| Name   | %         | Classification  |
|--|-----------|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | ≥10 - ≤25 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  |
| calcium dihydroxide  | <10       | SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1<br>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |
| aluminium powder (stabilised)  | ≤5        | FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1<br>SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2  |
| copper   | ≤5        | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4  |
| 1,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropylene   | ≤5        | GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas  |

### SARA 313

|  | Product name  | CAS number | %  |
|--|---|------------|----|
| <b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aluminium powder (stabilized) | 7429-90-5  | ≤5 |
|  | copper  | 7440-50-8  | ≤5 |
|  | zinc oxide  | 1314-13-2  | ≤5 |
|  | Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)                              | 7440-66-6  | ≤3 |
| <b>Supplier notification</b>           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aluminium powder (stabilized) | 7429-90-5  | ≤5 |
|  | copper  | 7440-50-8  | ≤5 |
|  | zinc oxide  | 1314-13-2  | ≤5 |
|  | Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)                              | 7440-66-6  | ≤3 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

- Massachusetts** :  The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; ALUMINUM; COPPER; ZINC OXIDE FUME; ZINC
- New York** :  The following components are listed: Copper; Zinc
- New Jersey** :  The following components are listed: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; ALUMINUM; COPPER; ZINC OXIDE; ZINC
- Pennsylvania** :  The following components are listed: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; COPPER FUME; ZINC OXIDE FUME; ZINC COMPOUNDS

### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Australia</b>               | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Canada</b>                  | : Not determined.  |
| <b>China</b>                   | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Eurasian Economic Union</b> | : <b>Russian Federation inventory:</b> All components are listed or exempted.                      |
| <b>Japan</b>                   | : <b>Japan inventory (CSCL):</b> Not determined.<br><b>Japan inventory (ISHL):</b> Not determined. |
| <b>New Zealand</b>             | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Philippines</b>             | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Republic of Korea</b>       | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Taiwan</b>                  | : All components are listed or exempted.   |
| <b>Thailand</b>                | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Turkey</b>                  | : Not determined.  |
| <b>United States</b>           | : Not determined.  |
| <b>Viet Nam</b>                | : All components are listed or exempted.   |

## Section 16. Other information

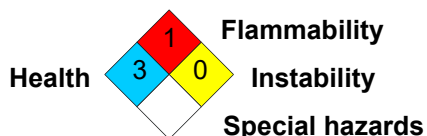
### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | / | 3 |
| Flammability     |   | 1 |
| Physical hazards |   | 3 |
|                  |   |   |

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



### Procedure used to derive the classification

## Section 16. Other information

| Classification   | Justification                               |
|--|---|
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas<br>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method |

### History

**Date of printing** : 11/28/2023

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 11/21/2023

**Date of previous issue** : 12/16/2022

**Version** : 2

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

