# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 and ANSI standard Z400.1-2010

Anti-Seize Assembly Paste

## **Section 1. Identification**

: Anti-Seize Assembly Paste **GHS** product identifier

**Product code** : 260000

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Corrosion inhibitor. Lubricating agent

When using Anti-Seize on chrome-nickel steel, the formation of chromium(VI) can occur above 400°C.

: WEICON Canada Inc. Supplier's details

> 20 Steckle Place, Unit 20 Kitchener, Ontario N2E 2C3, CA

www.weicon.ca

E-mail: info@weicon.ca Telephone: +1-519-896-5252 Telefax: +1-519-896-5254

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS

: msds@weicon.de

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: +1 202 464 2554 / TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - USA (24h): Tel: +1 202

464 2554

## Section 2. Hazards identification

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard OSHA/HCS status

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the

substance or mixture

: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

#### **GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

: P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several Response

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

: Not applicable. Storage : Not applicable. **Disposal** 

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue :10/26/2022 Version: 3 1/14

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	≥10 - ≤25	64742-53-6
calcium dihydroxide	<10	1305-62-0
copper	≤5	7440-50-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and

remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns

must be treated promptly by a physician.

**Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If

unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain

an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush

contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a

physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove deptures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed

with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/26/2022 Version : 3 2/14

## Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue :10/26/2022 Version : 3

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
calcium dihydroxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours.
copper	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).  TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dust and mist  TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue :10/26/2022 Version :3

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:

**Dusts and Mists** 

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:

Fume

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).

TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 10 hours. Form:

**Dusts and Mists** 

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and

Mists

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume

[Air contaminant - at Temperature (°C):]

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO3)]

CEIL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as CrO3)
OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

OSHA PEL *Z*2 (United States, 2/2013). [Chromic acid and chromates]

CEIL: 1 mg/10m<sup>3</sup>

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [inorganic chromium VI compounds]

TWA: 0.0002 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 8

hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

STEL: 0.0005 mg/m³, (measured as Cr) 15

minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Chromium (VI) compounds]

TWA: 0.005 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours. **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).** TWA: 0.0002 mg/m³, (as CR) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

chromium (VI) trioxide

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Skin protection** 

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber; 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®/butyl rubber

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/26/2022 Version : 3 5/14

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected Other skin protection

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Gray.

Odor : Characteristic. : Not available. **Odor threshold** pН : Not applicable. : Not available. Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 170°C (338°F)

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. **Flammability** : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

: Not available. Vapor pressure Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

: 1.2 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] Density

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue :10/26/2022 Version :3 Anti-Seize Assembly Paste

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials**: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
calcium dihydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	13333.33 mg/kg

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.5 MI	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
calcium dihydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

## **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

## Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
calcium dihydroxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Date of issue/Date of revision :11/21/2023 Date of previous issue :10/26/2022 Version :3 7/14

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/26/2022 Version : 3 8/14

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
calcium dihydroxide	Acute LC50 33884.4 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Clarias gariepinus</i> - Fingerling	96 hours
copper	Acute EC50 1100 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute IC50 16 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - <i>Plantae</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.072 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.56 μg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Periophthalmus waltoni</i> - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.5 μg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia closterium</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oreochromis niloticus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

## **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/26/2022 Version : 3 9/14

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (copper, zinc oxide)	SUBSTANCIA SOLIDA POTENCIALMENTE PELIGROSA PARA EL MEDIO AMBIENTE, N.E. P. (copper, zinc oxide)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (copper, zinc oxide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (copper, zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

## **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials unless transported by inland waterway. This product is not regulated as a hazardous material when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.

**Limited quantity** Yes.

Packaging instruction Exceptions: 155. Non-bulk: 213. Bulk: 240.

Special provisions 8, 146, 335, 384, A112, B54, B120, IB8, IP3, N20, N91, T1, TP33

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).

Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when

transported by road or rail.

**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index** 5

Special provisions 16, 99

**Mexico Classification** 

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Special provisions 274, 331, 335

**IMDG** 

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

Emergency schedules F-A, S-F

**Special provisions** 274, 335, 966, 967, 969

**IATA** 

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 400 kg. Packaging instructions: 956. Cargo Aircraft Only: 400 kg. Packaging instructions: 956. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y956.

Special provisions A97, A158, A179, A197

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue :10/26/2022 Version :3 10/14

# Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: copper; zinc oxide; Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

#### **SARA 302/304**

## **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

## Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	≥10 - ≤25	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
calcium dihydroxide	<10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
copper	≤5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
aluminium powder (stabilised)	≤5	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1 SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2

#### **SARA 313**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue :10/26/2022 Version :3 11/14

# Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	copper	7440-50-8	≤5
requirements	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	≤5
	zinc oxide 1314		≤5
	Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	7440-66-6	≤3
Supplier notification	on copper		≤5
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)		≤5
	zinc oxide		≤5
	Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	7440-66-6	≤3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

## **State regulations**

**Massachusetts**: The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES,

HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC; CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; COPPER;

ALUMINUM; ZINC OXIDE FUME; ZINC

**New York**: The following components are listed: Copper; Zinc

New Jersey : The following components are listed: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; COPPER; ALUMINUM;

ZINC OXIDE; ZINC

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; COPPER FUME; ZINC

OXIDE FUME; ZINC COMPOUNDS

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### **International regulations**

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

## **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union**: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.Thailand : Not determined.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/21/2023 Date of previous issue : 10/26/2022 Version : 3 12/14

Anti-Seize Assembly Paste

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Turkey : All components are listed or exempted.
United States : All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

## **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

## **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method

**History** 

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

References

Anti-Seize Assembly Paste

# Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



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