WEICON®

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Starter Spray

Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : Starter Spray |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| Product code | : 116600 |
| Product type | : Aerosol. |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses | |
|----------------------|--------|
| Aerosol product | |
| Uses advised against | Reason |
| Not applicable. | |
| | |

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|--|----|
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| Supplier's details : WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



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|--|------------------------------------|--|---|-------------|--|
| Response | : Not applie | cable. | | | |
| Precautionary statements Prevention | sources. P211 - Do P271 - Us | eep away from heat, hot su No smoking. o not spray on an open flan se only outdoors or in a wel essurized container: Do no | ne or other ignition so I-ventilated area. | ource. | |
| Hazard statements | H280 - Co H319 - Ca | xtremely flammable aeroso ontains gas under pressure auses serious eye irritation ay cause drowsiness or diz | ; may explode if hea | ted. | |
| Signal word | : Danger | | | | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage Disposal : P405 - Store locked up.

: P5

Hazards not otherwise classified

: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|
| acetone | ≥10 - ≤25 | 67-64-1 |
| butane | ≥10 - ≤25 | 106-97-8 |
| isobutane | ≥10 - ≤25 | 75-28-5 |
| pentane | ≥10 - ≤25 | 109-66-0 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effects | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto | <u>ms</u> |

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Section 4. First aid measures

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. | |
|--------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". | |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). | |
| Methods and materials for co | <u>ont</u> | ainment and cleaning up | |
| Small spill | | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the | |

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | L | |
|--|---|--|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|---|
| acetone | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| | TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). |
| | TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | STEL: 1780 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | C: 3000 ppm |
| | TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. |
| | |
| butane | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). |
| | TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). |
| | [Butane] Explosive potential. |
| | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| isobutane | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). |
| Isobularie | TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: $1000 \text{ ppm} \cdot 10 \text{ floars}$. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). |
| | [Butane] Explosive potential. |
| | STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | |
| pentane | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| | [Pentane all isomers] |
| | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 2250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). |
| | TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours. |
| | CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 2950 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. |
| | |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Biological exposure indices | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Ingredient name | | Exposure indices | |
| acetone | | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | other engineering controls to recommended or statutory lir | lation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any nits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof | |
| Environmental exposure controls | they comply with the requiren cases, fume scrubbers, filters | work process equipment should be checked to ensure ments of environmental protection legislation. In some s or engineering modifications to the process equipment missions to acceptable levels. | |
| Individual protection measu | <u>es</u> | | |
| Hygiene measures | eating, smoking and using th Appropriate techniques shou | ace thoroughly after handling chemical products, before e lavatory and at the end of the working period. Id be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety kstation location. | |
| Eye/face protection | assessment indicates this is gases or dusts. If contact is | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. | |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | worn at all times when handlinecessary. Considering the during use that the gloves are noted that the time to breakthe glove manufacturers. Recom gloves made of nitrile rubber hours (breakthrough time): F | hemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be forn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ecessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check uring use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be oted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different love manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective loves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 ours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material hickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2 | |
| Body protection | performed and the risks invo handling this product. When | nt for the body should be selected based on the task being ved and should be approved by a specialist before there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- r the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing ralls, boots and gloves. | |
| Other skin protection | | y additional skin protection measures should be selected ormed and the risks involved and should be approved by a s product. | |
| Respiratory protection | appropriate standard or certif respiratory protection program | ential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the ication. Respirators must be used according to a n to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important led : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|---------|----|------|
| рН | : Not applic | cable. | | | | |
| Odor threshold | : Not availa | ıble. | | | | |
| Odor | : Character | istic. | | | | |
| Color | : Colorless | | | | | |
| Physical state | : Aerosol. | | | | | |
| <u>Appearance</u> | | | | | | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Melting point/freezing point | : | Not applicable. |
|--|---|---|
| Boiling point, initial boiling | : | Not available. |
| point, and boiling range | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. |
| Flammability | : | Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. |
| Relative vapor density | : | Not available. |
| Relative density | : | Not applicable. |
| Density | : | Ø.6 to 0.68 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] |
| Solubility(ies) | : | |
| Not available. | | |
| Solubility in water | : | Not available. |
| Miscible with water | : | No. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | 2 85°C (545°F) |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Heat of combustion | : | ₿0.16 kJ/g |
| Viscosity | : | Not applicable. |
| Flow time (ISO 2431) | : | Not available. |
| Particle characteristics | | |
| Median particle size | : | Not applicable. |
| Aerosol product | | |
| Type of aerosol | : | Spray |
| | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.Chemical stability: The product is stable.Possibility of hazardous
reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).Incompatible materials: No specific data.Hazardous decomposition
products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------|----------|
| acetone | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5800 mg/kg | - |
| butane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 658000 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| isobutane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 658000 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| pentane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 364 g/m³ | 4 hours |

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------------|-------------|
| acetone | Eyes - Mild irritant | Human | - | 186300 ppm | - |
| | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 uL | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 395 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Category 3 Category 3 | | Narcotic effects Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| pentane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
|---|---|---|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Short term exposure | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | <u>cts</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------|
| zcetone | Acute EC50 11493300 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Navicula seminulum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 11727900 μg/l Fresh water | Algae - Navicula seminulum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 7200000 μg/l Fresh water | Algae - Selenastrum sp. | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i> | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 23.5 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa -</i> Copepodid | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7550000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8098000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 11.26487 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pulex</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7810000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8800000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8000 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7280000 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8120000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6210000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Poecilia reticulata | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.5 ml/L Marine water | Algae - <i>Karenia brevis</i> | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 72 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i> | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water | Crustaceans - Daphniidae | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water | Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae | 42 days |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

| Bloaccumulative potential | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|--|
| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential | |
| acetone | -0.23 | - | Low | |
| butane | 2.89 | - | Low | |
| isobutane | 2.8 | - | Low | |
| pentane | 3.45 | 171 | Low | |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container. |
|------------------|---|
| | |

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

| Ingredient | CAS # | | Reference number |
|-------------|---------|--------|---------------------|
| Acetone (I) | 67-64-1 | Listed | U002 |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| UN number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLES | AEROSOLS | Aerosols, flammable |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Additional information

Section 14. Transport information

| • | | |
|---|---|---|
| DOT Classification | : | Reportable quantity 22222.2 lbs / 10088.9 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg. Special provisions N82 |
| TDG Classification | : | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 Special provisions 80, 107 |
| Mexico Classification | : | Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344 |
| IMDG | : | Emergency schedules F-D, S-U Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959 |
| ΙΑΤΑ | : | Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. Special provisions A145, A167, A802 |
| Special precautions for user | : | Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| Fransport in bulk according to IMO instruments | : | Not available. |

Section 15. Regulatory information

| • | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------|
| U.S. Federal regulations | : T | SCA 8(a) P | AIR: pentane | | | |
| | Т | SCA 8(a) C | DR Exempt/Partial | exemption: Not determ | ined | |
| | | flean Air Ac entane | t (CAA) 112 regulat | ed flammable substan | ices: butane; Isobutane; | |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : N | lot listed | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : N | lot listed | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : N | lot listed | | | | |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : N | lot listed | | | | |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : 🕅 | ot listed | | | | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | | | | |
| Composition/information | on ing | <u>gredients</u> | | | | |
| No products were found. | | | | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : N | lot applicabl | le. | | | |
| SARA 311/312 | | | | | | |
| Classification | GA EY SP | ASES UNDE 'E IRRITAT | AEROSOLS - Categ ER PRESSURE - Co ION - Category 2A RGET ORGAN TOX | mpressed gas | SURE) (Narcotic effects) - | |
| Composition/information | on ing | <u>gredients</u> | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/2: | 3/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 11/21/2023 | Version : 3 | 12/15 |
| | | | | | | |

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/23/2024 Date of previous issue : 11/21/2023 Version : 3 | 12/1 |
|---|------|
|---|------|

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | - | |
|-----------|-----------|---|
| Name | % | Classification |
| zcetone | ≥10 - ≤25 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| butane | ≥10 - ≤25 | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| isobutane | ≥10 - ≤25 | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| pentane | ≥10 - ≤25 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

State regulations

| Massachusetts | : The following components are listed: ACETONE; BUTANE; ISOBUTANE; PENTANE |
|---------------|---|
| New York | : The following components are listed: Acetone |
| New Jersey | : 🌈 following components are listed: ACETONE; BUTANE; Isobutane; PENTANE |
| Pennsylvania | The following components are listed: 2-PROPANONE; BUTANE; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; PENTANE |

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

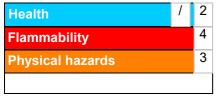
Inventory list

| Australia | : All con | : All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--------------|-------------|-------|
| Canada | : All con | : All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| China | : All con | : All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| Eurasian Economic Union | : Russia | : Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| Japan | • | Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| New Zealand | : All con | nponents are listed or exemp | oted. | | |
| Philippines | : All con | : All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| Republic of Korea | : All components are listed or exempted. | | | | |
| Taiwan | : All con | : All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| Thailand | : All con | All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| Turkey | : All con | nponents are listed or exemp | oted. | | |
| United States | : All con | nponents are active or exem | pted. | | |
| Viet Nam | : All con | nponents are listed or exemp | oted. | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/23/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 11/21/2023 | Version : 3 | 13/15 |

Section 15. Regulatory information

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

| | Justification | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS GASES UNDER PRESSUR EYE IRRITATION - Categor SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA Category 3 | On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method | | | | |
| <u>History</u> | | | | | |
| Date of printing | : 10/24/2024 | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/23/2024 | | | | |
| Date of previous issue | : 11/21/2023 | | | | |
| Version | : 3 | | | | |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations | | | | |
| Defenses | . Net evellete | | | | |

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.