SAFETY DATA SHEET



Corro-Protection Spray

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Corro-Protection Spray
Product code	: 115500
Product type	: Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Aerosol product	
Uses advised against	Reason

Supplier's details	: WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone: +49 251 93220, Fax: +49 251 9322244 email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msds@weicon.de
Emergency telephone number	: +1 202 464 2554 / TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - USA (24h): Tel: +1 202 464 2554

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
substance or mixture	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025	Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025	Version : 1.3
Response	: Not appl	cable.		
Prevention	sources. P211 - D P251 - P	eep away from heat, hot su No smoking. o not spray on an open flan ressurized container: Do no se only outdoors or in a wel	ne or other ignition so t pierce or burn, eve	ource.
Signal word Hazard statements Precautionary statements	H280 - C H315 - C	xtremely flammable aeroso contains gas under pressure causes skin irritation. lay cause drowsiness or diz	e; may explode if hea	ited.
Signal word				

Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage Disposal : P405 - Store locked up.

: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Hydrocarbons, C6-7	≥25 - ≤50	92128-66-0
propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
butane	≥10 - ≤25	106-97-8
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	≥10 - ≤25	64742-48-9
isobutane	≤10	75-28-5
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics	≤3	1174522-15-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	≤3	64742-95-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessa	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important sympto	oms/effects, acute and delayed

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025	Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025	Version : 1.3	2/13
--------------------------------	-------------	------------------------	-------------	---------------	------

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 5/12/2025
 Date of previous issue
 : 2/19/2025
 Version
 : 1.3
 3/13

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	o action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. vacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel fru- ntering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to t scape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of contain ptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the cle action. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sour ares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provi dequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate appropriate personal protective equipment.	om he rapid ners are ean-up rces. No de
For emergency responders	specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any info ection 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "Fo nergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	void dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, nd sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environm ollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ment and cleaning up	
Small spill	top leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tool (plosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alter if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropria sposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	ernatively,
Large spill	top leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tool colors of equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into ater courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent t ant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, posorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and pla- ontainer for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose sensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pos- ame hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact formation and Section 13 for waste disposal.	o sewers, reatment ce in of via a se the

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

4/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hydrocarbons, C6-7	None.
propane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
butane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Butane] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	None.
isobutane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). [Butane] Explosive potential. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics	None.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025	Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025	Version : 1.3	5/13
--------------------------------	-------------	------------------------	-------------	---------------	------

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Aerosol.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Benzene-like.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Fire point	: >200°C (>392°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	 Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 10.9%
Vapor pressure	: 830 kPa (6225.5 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Density	: 0.667 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	:

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Not available.

Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: No.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Heat of combustion	: 18.82 kJ/g
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
0	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m³	4 hours
isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m³	4 hours

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C6-7 Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C6-7	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy Eye contact	 sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
propane	1.09	-	Low
butane	2.89	-	Low
isobutane	2.8	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered
--

Section 13. Disposal considerations

when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 1/ Transport information					
Section 14. Transport information					
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLES	ŘÉROSOLS (Hydrocarbons, C6-7, propane)	Aerosols, flammable (Hydrocarbons, C6-7, propane)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional inform	ation				
	DOT Classification: Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg. Special provisions N82TDG Classification: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 Special provisions 80, 107				150 kg. In of Dangerous ().
Mexico Classific	cation : <u>Spe</u>				
IMDG	<u>Em</u>	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959			
ΙΑΤΑ	trar Qu Car Pas	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802 			
Special precaution	upr	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
Transport in bulk to IMO instrument		: Not available.			

Section 15. Regulatory information

JJJJJ	····· J			
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CD	R Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined		
	Clean Air Act Isobutane	(CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: propane; butane;		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed			
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed			
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed			
<u>SARA 302/304</u>				
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>			
No products were found.				
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable			
<u>SARA 311/312</u>				
Classification	GASES UNDER SKIN IRRITATIO	FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3		
Composition/information	<u>on ingredients</u>			
Name	%	Classification		

Name	%	Classification
Hydrocarbons, C6-7	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
propane	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
butane	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
isobutane	≤10	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics	≤3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

State regulations

Section 15. Regulatory information

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: PROPANE; BUTANE; ISOBUTANE				
New York	: None of the components are listed.				
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: PROPANE; BUTANE; Isobutane				
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: PROPANE; BUTANE; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-				
<u>California Prop. 65</u>					
This product does not re	equire a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.				
International regulations					
<u>Chemical Weapon Convent</u>	tion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals				
Not listed.					
Montreal Protocol					
Not listed.					
Stackholm Convention on I	Persistent Organic Pollutants				
Not listed.	reisistent organic Polititants				
	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)				
Not listed.					
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on	POPs and Heavy Metals				
Not listed.					
Inventory list					
Australia	: Not determined.				
Canada	: Not determined.				
China	: Not determined.				
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.				
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.				
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.				
New Zealand	: Not determined.				
Philippines	: Not determined.				
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.				
Taiwan	: Not determined.				
Thailand	: Not determined.				
Turkey	: Not determined.				
United States	: Not determined.				
Viet Nam	: Not determined.				
Section 16. Other	information				
Hazardous Material Informati	ion System (U.S.A.)				
Health	/ 2				
Flammability	4				
Physical hazards	3				

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025	Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025	Version : 1.3	12/13
Date of 1350e/Date of Tevision	. 0/12/2020	Date of previous issue	. 2/13/2020	Version 11.5	12/13

Section 16. Other information



Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification		
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2		On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method		
History				
Date of printing	: 5/15/2025			
Date of issue/Date of revision				
Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025			
Version	: 1.3			
Key to abbreviations	 T.3 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations 			

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.