# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 and ANSI standard Z400.1-2010

PTFE-Fluid

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: PTFE-Fluid
Product code	: 113010

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Aerosol product-Lubricating agent-Release products

Supplier's details	: WEICON Canada Inc. 20 Steckle Place, Unit 20
	Kitchener, Ontario N2E 2C3, CA
	www.weicon.ca E-mail: info@weicon.ca
	Telephone: +1-519-896-5252
	Telefax: +1-519-896-5254
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msds@weicon.de
Emergency telephone	: +1 202 464 2554 / TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - USA (24h): Tel: +1 202

464 2554

# Section 2. Hazards identification

number

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name %	%	CAS number
propan-2-ol ≥	≥25 - ≤50	67-63-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower Eye contact eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small guantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Са	uses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation		n cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or ziness.
Skin contact	No	known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	Car	n cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ns</u>	
Eye contact	pair wat	verse symptoms may include the following: n or irritation tering ness
Inhalation	resj cou nau hea dro dizz	verse symptoms may include the following: piratory tract irritation ughing usea or vomiting adache wsiness/fatigue ziness/vertigo consciousness
Skin contact	No	specific data.
Ingestion	No	specific data.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	Evacuate entering. escape o ruptured, section. flares, sn adequate	a shall be taken involving a surrounding areas. Keep In the case of aerosols b of the pressurized contents treat as a bulk material s Do not touch or walk throus noking or flames in hazard e ventilation. Wear approp priate personal protective	p unnecessary and unpro- being ruptured, care shou s and propellant. If a larg pillage according to the i ugh spilled material. Sho d area. Avoid breathing priate respirator when ve	otected perso uld be taken of ge number of instructions in ut off all ignit vapor or mis	onnel from due to the f container n the clear ion source t. Provide	rapid s are n-up s. No
For emergency responders	:	Section 8	ized clothing is required to 3 on suitable and unsuitab cy personnel".				
Environmental precautions	:	and sewe	persal of spilled material a ers. Inform the relevant a (sewers, waterways, soil o	uthorities if the product h			
	:	explosior or if wate	t if without risk. Move con p-proof equipment. Dilute r-insoluble, absorb with a container. Dispose of via	with water and mop up i n inert dry material and p	if water-solut place in an ap	ole. Alterna opropriate	atively,
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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,
	or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
	disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized ontainer: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 5 ot pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin lothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with add entilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store a way from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion lectrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-s pols. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.	i0°C. Do and equate ind use i-proof
Advice on general occupational hygiene	ating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is andled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before e rinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipmen ntering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene neasures.	eating,
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	tore in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a nd well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and nd drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources ppropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 ncompatible materials before handling or use.	d food s. Use

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
propan-2-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).		
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.		
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.		
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).		
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.		
	TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).		
	TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.		
	TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.		
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.		
	STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.		
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).		
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.		
	TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	es
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®/butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Aerosol.
Color	: White.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Fire point	: >365°C (>689°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.</li> <li>Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.</li> </ul>
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1.5% Upper: 12%
Vapor pressure	: 830 kPa (6225.5 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: Not applicable.
Density	: 0.61 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: No.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Heat of combustion	: 25.07 kJ/g
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
propan-2-ol	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Eye contact

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

- : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation
	watering
	redness

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousnessSkin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.		
·	Inhalation	respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo
Ingestion : No specific data.	Skin contact	: No specific data.
	Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
<u>Long term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health effects				
Not available.				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

# Section 12. Ecological information

T	oxicity	
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low

### Mobility in soil

## Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLES	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

DOT Classification	<u>nited quantity</u> Yes. <u>ckaging instruction</u> Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None. <u>aantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg. <u>ecial provisions</u> N82	
TDG Classification	oduct classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerou ods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). <u>plosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 1 <u>ssenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 75 <u>recial provisions</u> 80, 107	IS
Mexico Classification	ecial provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344	
IMDG	<u>nergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>ecial provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959	
ΙΑΤΑ	antity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions rgo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - ssenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. Antipical provisions A145, A167, A802	: 203.
Special precautions for user	ansport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that ar	e

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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## Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
		Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: butane; propane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>		
Composition/information	on	ingredients
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA 311/312</u>	:	Not applicable.
Classification		FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
butane	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
propan-2-ol	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
propane	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

#### State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: BUTANE; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; PROPANE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: BUTANE; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; PROPANE
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BUTANE; 2-PROPANOL; PROPANE
<u>California Prop. 65</u>	

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### International regulations

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

Inventory list		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	:	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 11/28/2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/21/2023
Date of previous issue	: 10/20/2022
Version	: 1.04
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.