SAFETY DATA SHEET



Galva Spray

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Galva Spray
Product code	: 110050
Product type	: Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Aerosol product	
Uses advised against Reason	
Not applicable.	

Emergency telephone	: +1 202 464 2554 / TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - USA (24h): Tel: +1 202 464 2554
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msds@weicon.de
Supplier's details	: WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone: +49 251 93220, Fax: +49 251 9322244 email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Processionary statements	

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	 210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
butane	≥10 - ≤25	106-97-8
propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
acetone	≥10 - ≤25	67-64-1
ethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	141-78-6
xylene	<10	1330-20-7
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	≤10	64742-48-9
aluminium powder (stabilised)	≤10	7429-90-5
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	≤10	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First a	id measures
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>icts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media						
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an e	xtinguishing agent suitable	for the surrounding f	ire.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None kno	wn.				
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	a fire or if risk of a s a conside	y flammable aerosol. Rund heated, a pressure increas subsequent explosion. Gas rable distance to a source aerosol containers may be	se will occur and the may accumulate in of ignition and flash	container may b low or confined a back, causing fir	urst, with t areas or tr	the avel
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

container: protect fro not pierce or burn, ev contact with eyes, sk ventilation. Wear ap away from heat, spar electrical (ventilating,	ersonal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized m sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do ven after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid in and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate propriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use ks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking ers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
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Section 7. Handling and storage

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Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

· · · ·	
	TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
ethyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1440 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 mg/m 8 hours.
xylene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[xylene]
	STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	C: 300 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-
	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	None.
aluminium powder (stabilised)	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Dust
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
	Pyrophoric $T_{M(A)} = F_{M(A)} = F_{M(A)}$
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
	Welding fume
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Total
	dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

[Aluminum, metal and insoluble		
compounds]		
TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable		
fraction		

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics None.

Biological exposure indices

Ingredient name	Exposure indices		
acetone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		
xylene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.		

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment

will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Aerosol.	
Color	: Silver.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: -44°C (-47.2°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: -97°C (-142.6°F)	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flammability	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks	
Fidilillability	and static discharge and heat.	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.	
Relative vapor density	: Not available.	
Relative density	: Not applicable.	
Density	: 1 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]	
Solubility(ies)	:	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	: Not available.	
Miscible with water	: No.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Heat of combustion	: 30.61 kJ/g	
Viscosity	: Not applicable.	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not applicable.	
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	: Spray	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Conditions to avoid		noosible courses of ignition	(apark or flama)			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under no	rmal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous ı	reactions will not occur.		
Chemical stability	: The prod	uct is stable.				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
products	not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours		
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-		
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-		
xylene	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-		
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-		
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-		
	TDLo Dermal	Mouse	727.3 uL/kg	-		
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-		

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	20000 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	200 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
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Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
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Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
k ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,<2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness c dizziness.	or
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
: Not available.
<u>ects</u>
: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity			1
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 11493300 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11727900 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7200000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 23.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa -</i> Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7550000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8098000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
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		dubia Nacasta	
		<i>dubia</i> - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 11.26487 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pulex</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7810000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8800000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 7280000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 8120000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6210000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 ml/L Marine water	Algae - Karenia brevis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus -</i> Larvae	42 days
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas -</i> Embryo	32 days
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes pugio</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> <i>pugi</i> o	48 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 hours
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		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 20870 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butane	2.89	-	Low
propane	1.09	-	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Acetone (I)	67-64-1	Listed	U002
Ethyl acetate (I)	141-78-6	Listed	U112
Xylene	1330-20-7	Listed	U239

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLES	ÆROSOLS (propane, butane)	rerosols, flammable (propane, butane)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

Additional	information
Auditional	mormation

DOT Classification	 Reportable quantity 1818.2 lbs / 825.45 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg. Special provisions N82
TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). <u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 1 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 75 <u>Special provisions</u> 80, 107
Mexico Classification	: Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344
IMDG	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
ΙΑΤΑ	 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802
Special precautions for user	: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: xylene
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: butane; propane

Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 112: Listed(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Not listedClean Air Act Section 602: Not listedClean Air Act Section 602: Not listedClean Air Act Section 602: Not listedClass II Substances: Not listedDEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): Not listedDEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): Not listed			
Class I Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed (Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed	(b) Hazardous Air	:	Listed
Class II SubstancesDEA List I Chemicals: Not listed(Precursor Chemicals): Not listedDEA List II Chemicals: Not listed		:	Not listed
(Precursor Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed		:	Not listed
		:	Not listed
		:	Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on	ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification			
butane	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas			
propane	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas			
acetone	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSUF (Narcotic effects) - Category 3			
ethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSU (Narcotic effects) - Category 3			
xylene	<10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSUR (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
aluminium powder (stabilised)	≤10	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1 SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH			
e of issue/Date of revision : 5/12	/2025 Date o	f previous issue : 2/19/2025 Version : 1.3 15/			

Section 15. Regulatory information

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Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	≤10	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2

<u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting	xylene	1330-20-7	<10
requirements	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	≤10
	Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	7440-66-6	≤3
Supplier notification	xylene	1330-20-7	<10
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	≤10
	Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	7440-66-6	≤3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; ACETONE; ETHYL ACETATE; XYLENE; ALUMINUM; ZINC
New York	: The following components are listed: Acetone; Ethyl acetate; Xylene mixed; Zinc
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; ACETONE; ETHYL ACETATE; XYLENES; ALUMINUM; ZINC
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE; 2-PROPANONE; ACETIC ACID ETHYL ESTER; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; ZINC COMPOUNDS

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	 Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification		
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - GASES UNDER PRESSUR EYE IRRITATION - Categor SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAI Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAI	On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method		
History		- I	
Date of printing	: 5/15/2025		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025		
Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025		
Version	: 1.3		
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations 		
References	: Not available.		
Indicates information that	at has changed from previously issued version.		

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025	Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025	Version : 1.3
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Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.