SAFETY DATA SHEET



According to Work Health and Safety (WHS) Australia

Top-Lube-Fluid

Section 1. Identification

| Product identifier | : | Top-Lube-Fluid |
|--------------------|---|----------------|
| Product code | : | 115120 |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Aerosol product-Lubricating agent-Release products

| Supplier's details | : WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone:+49 251 93220, email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de |
|--|---|
| e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS | : msds@weicon.de |

National contact

WEICON Australia Pty. Ltd 1/55-65 Christensen Road, Stapylton QLD 4207 Phone: +61 493473383 E-Mail: info@weicon.com.au website: www.weicon.com.au

Emergency telephone number

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

: National Poison Information Center: Tel: 131126 TRANSPORT / EMERGENCY CONTACT (24h): Tel: +61 2 8014 4558 (English) TRANSPORT / EMERGENCY CONTACT (24h): Tel.: 1800 074 234 (English)

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

 Classification of the substance or mixture
 : AEROSOLS - Category 1

 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3



| Signal word Hazard statements | DANGER H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 - Avoid breathing dust or mist. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 - Wear protective gloves. |
| Response | P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. |

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

| Storage | : P405 - Store locked up. |
|-----------------------------|---|
| | P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. |
| | P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Not applicable. |

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name | % (v/v) | CAS number | Classification |
|--------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| butane | ≥30 - ≤60 | 106-97-8 | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| pentane | ≥10 - ≤30 | 109-66-0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hydrocarbons, C6-7 | ≥10 - ≤30 | 92128-66-0 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| propane | ≤10 | 74-98-6 | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures | | |
|---|--|--|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. | |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance | |

Section 4. First aid measures

| | for 48 hours. |
|--------------|---|
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effect | <u>'S</u> | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | |
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | | |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. | | |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. | | |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u> | oms | | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | | | |
| Notes to physician | : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. | | |
| | The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | | |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. | | |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|---|---|--|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | | |

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Advice on general : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before occupational hygiene eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. **Conditions for safe storage,** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) including any and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use incompatibilities appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| butane | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| pentane | Safe Work Australia (Australia, 10/2022). STEL: 2210 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1770 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| propane | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. | | |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measure | <u>95</u> |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/12/2025 | Date of previous issue | : 2/19/2025 | Version : 3.4 | 5/12 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|------|
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|------|

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
|------------------------|---|
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2 |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|---|---|
| Physical state | : Aerosol. |
| Color | : Yellowish. |
| Odor | : Characteristic. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point | : Not applicable. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Not applicable. |
| Fire point | : >200°C (>392°F) |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability | Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : Lower: 0.8% Upper: 10.9% |
| Vapor pressure | : 210 kPa (1575.1 mm Hg) |
| Relative vapor density | : Not available. |
| Relative density | : Not applicable. |
| Density | : 0.767 g/cm ³ |
| Solubility(ies) | : |
| Not available. | |
| Solubility in water | : Not available. |
| Miscible with water | : No. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/12/2025 Date of previous issue : 2/19/2025 Version : 3.4 6/12 |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| _ | | |
|--|-------------|-----------------|
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | | Not applicable. |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Heat of combustion | : | 27.77 kJ/g |
| Viscosity | : | Not applicable. |
| Flow time (ISO 2431) | : | Not available. |
| Particle characteristics | | |
| Median particle size | : | Not applicable. |
| Aerosol product | | |
| Type of aerosol | : | Spray |
| Section 10 Stabili | t \/ | and reactivity |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| butane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 658000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| pentane | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 364 g/m³ | 4 hours |

Acute toxicity estimates

| | ATE value |
|----------------|-----------|
| Not available. | |

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--------------------|------------|----------------------|------------------|
| pentane | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Hydrocarbons, C6-7 | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result | |
|------|--|--|
| | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | |

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------|--|
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. | |
| Long term exposure | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. | |
| Potential chronic health effects | | | |

| Defending (Defending) | | Dete dans |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/12/2025 | Date of prev |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Not | available. |
|------|------------|
| IVOL | available. |

| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | (gases) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------|----------------------------------|--|
| butane | N/A | N/A | N/A | | N/A |
| pentane | N/A | N/A | N/A | | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| butane | 2.89 | - | Low |
| pentane | 3.45 | 171 | Low |
| propane | 1.09 | - | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| UN1950 DLS ÆEROS0 pentane 2 | OLS (butane, AEROS | SOLS (butane, Aer e) 2.1 | 1950 osols, flammable ane, pentane) |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| pentane |) pentane 2.1 | e) (but 2.1 | |
| 2 | | \wedge | A |
| 2 | | | |
| - | - | - | |
| ientally is substance | Yes. | env haz | . The ironmentally ardous substance k is not required. |
| | - Yes. Is substance ot required. | entally is substance | entally env is substance haz |

| ADG | : <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381 |
|------------------------------|--|
| ADR/RID | The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Limited quantity</u> 1 L <u>Special provisions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D) <u>ADR Classification Code:</u> 5F |
| IMDG | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959 |
| ΙΑΤΑ | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. <u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802 |
| Special precautions for user | : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are |

the event of an accident or spillage.

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Standard for the Uniform | Scheduling | of Medicines | and Poisons |
|--------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| | ooncaanng | or meanenies | |

Not regulated.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

| Inventory list | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Australia | : | Not determined. |
| Canada | : | Not determined. |
| China | : | Not determined. |
| Eurasian Economic Union | : | Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : | Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. |
| New Zealand | : | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | : | Not determined. |
| Republic of Korea | : | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | : | Not determined. |
| Thailand | : | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Turkey | : | Not determined. |
| United States | : | Not determined. |
| Viet Nam | : | All components are listed or exempted. |

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History Date of printing : 5/13/2025 Date of issue/Date of : 5/12/2025 revision Date of previous issue : 2/19/2025 Version : 3.4 Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

| | Classification | Justification |
|------------|--|---|
| | ory 1 RRITATION - Category 2 ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method |
| References | : Not available. | |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/1 |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| | |

Section 16. Any other relevant information

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.