# SAFETY DATA SHEET



According to Work Health and Safety (WHS) Australia

WEICON Ceramic W Epoxy Hardener

### Section 1. Identification

**Product identifier** : WEICON Ceramic W Epoxy Hardener

Product code : 104602

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Hardener for resins.

Supplier's details : WEICON GmbH & Co. KG

Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone:+49 251 93220, email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: msds@weicon.de

#### **National contact**

WEICON Australia Pty. Ltd

1/55-65 Christensen Road, Stapylton QLD 4207

Phone: +61 493473383 E-Mail: info@weicon.com.au website: www.weicon.com.au

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: National Poison Information Center: Tel: 131126

TRANSPORT / EMERGENCY CONTACT (24h): Tel: +61 2 8014 4558 (English) TRANSPORT / EMERGENCY CONTACT (24h): Tel.: 1800 074 234 (English)

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H330 - Fatal if inhaled. H350 - May cause cancer.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

(lungs)

#### **Precautionary statements**

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# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

**Response**: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P340, P310 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER  $\,$ 

or doctor.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P302 + P312, P352 - IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel

unwell. Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage** : P405 - Store locked up.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number	Classification
Quartz respirable fraction	≥60 - ≤75	14808-60-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Polyethylene polyamine, pentaethylenehexamine fraction	≥10 - ≤22	-	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha (2-aminomethylethyl)omega (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	≤10	9046-10-0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
titanium dioxide	≤5	13463-67-7	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	<5	112-24-3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

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### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

			ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	≤3	90-72-2	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Get med

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation**: Fatal if inhaled.

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#### Section 4. First aid measures

: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin Skin contact

reaction.

: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eve contact** 

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical **Hazardous thermal** 

decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

mode

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Quartz respirable fraction	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). [Silica – Crystalline]  TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
titanium dioxide	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).
Skin sensitizer.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be

required instead.

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should

be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of

0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III ; 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374

Cat.III / EN374-2

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

approved by a specialist before flatfulling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : White.

Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point

	Closed cup		ир		Open cı	ıb
Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135C to 210C (275F to 410F).	<-40	<-40	ISO 13736			
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	56	132.8				
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane				82.7	180.9	ASTM D 3828-87
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	>93	>199.4	EU A.9			
poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], . alpha(2-aminomethylethyl) omega(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	128	262.4	ISO 2719			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	143	289.4				
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy) methyl] derivs.	159	318.2	EU A.9			
propylidynetrimethanol	172	341.6				

Evaporation rate : Not available.Flammability : Not available.Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

Vapor pressure

limit/flammability limit

	V	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	0.99	0.13				
poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], . alpha(2-aminomethylethyl) omega(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	0.68	0.091	OECD 104	1.58	0.21	OECD 104
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	0.62	0.083	EU A.4			
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	0.25	0.033				
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	0.06	0.008	EU A.4			
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	<0.01	<0.0013				
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy) methyl] derivs.	0.00013	0.000017	OECD 104			
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin)	<0	<0	EU A.4			
propylidynetrimethanol	0	0				

Relative vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : Not available.

**Density** : 1.8 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

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WEICON Ceramic W Epoxy Hardener

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135C to 210C (275F to 410F).	280 to 470	536 to 878	
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	337.78	640	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	372	701.6	ASTM E 659-78
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	382	719.6	EU A.15
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	384 to 387	723.2 to 728.6	ASTM E 659

Decomposition temperature: Not available.Viscosity: Not available.Flow time (ISO 2431): Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials**: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	621.89 mg/kg
Dermal	1519.59 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	0.37 mg/l

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug I	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz respirable fraction	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha(2-aminomethylethyl)omega(2-aminomethylethoxy)-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation**: Fatal if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

# <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects :

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
WEICON Ceramic W Epoxy Hardener Polyethylene polyamine, pentaethylenehexamine fraction	621.9	1519.6	N/A	N/A	0.37
	500	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha (2-aminomethylethyl)omega (2-aminomethylethoxy)-	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	500	1100	N/A	N/A	0.05
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours

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### **Section 12. Ecological information**

	dubia - Neonate	
Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
poly[oxy(methyl- 1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha (2-aminomethylethyl)	1.34	-	Low
omega (2-aminomethylethoxy)- 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	- -	Low Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

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### **Section 14. Transport information**

	ADG	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Polyethylene polyamine, pentaethylenehexamine fraction)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Polyethylene polyamine, pentaethylenehexamine fraction, 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Polyethylene polyamine, pentaethylenehexamine fraction, 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Polyethylene polyamine, pentaethylenehexamine fraction, 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	8	8	8
Packing group	III	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

#### **Additional information**

**ADG** : The product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported by road or rail

in either an IBC, or in other container types if ≤500 kg. This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

**ADR/RID** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (E)

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not regulated.

#### Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

Ingredient name	<u>Schedule</u>
Quartz respirable fraction	Restricted hazardous chemical [For abrasive blasting at a concentration of greater than 1%]

#### **International regulations**

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.

**Eurasian Economic Union**: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : Not determined. : Not determined. **Philippines** Republic of Korea : Not determined. **Taiwan** : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. : Not determined. Turkey **United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

#### **History**

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revision

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**Key to abbreviations** : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

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# Section 16. Any other relevant information

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method

**References**: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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