SAFETY DATA SHEET



Zinc Spray

Section 1. Identific	cation
Product identifier	: Zinc Spray
Product code	: 110000
Relevant identified uses of th	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Aerosol product	
Supplier's details	: WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone: +49 251 93220, Fax: +49 251 9322244 email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msds@weicon.de
National contact WEICON Canada Inc. 20 Steckle Place, Unit 20 Kitchener, Ontario N2E 2C3, C www.weicon.ca E-mail: info@weicon.ca Telephone: +1-519-896-5252 Telefax: +1-519-896-5254	A
Emergency telephone number	: +1 866 928 0789 (24h - Toll free) TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free)
Section 2. Hazard	identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol. H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	

Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
Response	 P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. P410 + P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (v/v)	CAS number
xylene	Benzene, dimethyl-; Xylol; Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers; xylene, mixed isomers, pure; xylene, crude; Benzene, dimethyl-,; Xylene (mixed); xylene (total); Xylenes; Dimethylbenzene; XYLENES (Isomer Mixture)	≥5 - ≤10	1330-20-7
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		≥5 - ≤10	-
acetone	propan-2-one; propanone; 2-Propanone; Ketone propane; Dimethyl ketone; β-ketonepropane; acetonum; dimethylketone; methyl ketone; propanone; pyroacetic acid; pyroacetic ether; dimethylformaldehyde; methyl ketone; Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I); DIMETHYLFORMALDEHYDE; 2-OXOPROPANE	≥5 - ≤10	67-64-1
ethyl acetate	Acetic acid ethyl ester; Acetic acid, ethyl ester; Acetic ether; Ethyl ethanoate; Ethyl ester of acetic acid; Acetic ester; Blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and aldehydes, higher alcohols and water; blend, consisting of ethyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and water; acetic ether; vinegar naphtha; acetoxyethane; ethyl acetate ester	≥5 - ≤10	141-78-6
n-butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester; Butyl Acetate; n-Butyl-acetate; Butyl ethanoate; n- Butyl ester of acetic acid; product composed of hydrocarbons	≥5 - ≤10	123-86-4
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	(predominantly paraffinic and naphthenic) and n-butyl acetate; 1-butyl acetate; 1-Acetoxybutane; Butyl ester, Acetic acid; normal butyl acetate; Acetic acid, n-butyl ester			
butan-1-ol	n-butanol; 1-Butanol; n-BUTYL ALCOHOL; n-Propyl carbinol; 1-Hydroxybutane; Butyl alcohol; 1-Butanol (I); n-Butyl alcohol (I); METHYLOLPROPANE; Butyl hydroxide; 1-BUTYL ALCOHOL	≥1 - ≤5	71-36-3	

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.			
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			

Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

•	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and Small spill explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits	
Ingredient name xylene			CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)]	
			TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	2)
			CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019 [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	9).
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			TWA: 100 ppm 8 ho	
			CA Saskatchewan F	
			7/2013). [Xylene (o,	m-, p-isomers)]
			STEL: 150 ppm 15	minutes.
			TWA: 100 ppm 8 hc	ours.
acetone			CA Alberta Provinci	al (Canada, 6/2018).
			OEL: 1200 mg/m ³ 8	hours.
			OEL: 1800 mg/m ³ 1	
			OEL: 500 ppm 8 ho	
			OEL: 750 ppm 15 m	ninutes.
				a Provincial (Canada,
			6/2022).	
			TWA: 250 ppm 8 ho	ours.
			STEL: 500 ppm 15	
				ial (Canada, 6/2019).
			TWA: 250 ppm 8 ho	
			STEL: 500 ppm 15	
				ial (Canada, 6/2022).
			TWAEV: 250 ppm 8	
			STEV: 500 ppm 15	
			CA Saskatchewan F	
			7/2013).	
			STEL: 750 ppm 15	minutes
			TWA: 500 ppm 8 hc	
ethyl acetate				ial (Canada, 6/2018).
			OEL: 1440 mg/m ³ 8	
			OEL: 400 ppm 8 ho	
				a Provincial (Canada,
			6/2022).	
			TWA: 150 ppm 8 ho	ours.
			CA Ontario Provinc	ial (Canada, 6/2019).
			TWA: 400 ppm 8 hc	
			CA Quebec Provinc	ial (Canada, 6/2022).
			TWAEV: 400 ppm 8	3 hours.
			TWAEV: 1440 mg/n	n³ 8 hours.
			CA Saskatchewan F	Provincial (Canada,
			7/2013).	
			STEL: 500 ppm 15	minutes.
			TWA: 400 ppm 8 hc	ours.
n-butyl acetate			CA Alberta Provinci	ial (Canada, 6/2018).
			OEL: 200 ppm 15 m	
			OEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15	
			OEL: 150 ppm 8 ho	
			OEL: 713 mg/m ³ 8 h	
			CA Saskatchewan F	
			7/2013).	l'orniolai (Ganada,
			STEL: 200 ppm 15	minutes
			TWA: 150 ppm 8 hc	
				ial (Canada, 6/2019).
			[butyl acetates, all i	
			STEL: 150 ppm 15	-
			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hou	
				a Provincial (Canada,
			6/2022). [butyl aceta	•
			STEL: 150 ppm 15	
			TWA: 50 ppm 8 hou	
				ial (Canada, 6/2022).
			[butyl acetates (all i	
			STEV: 150 ppm 15	
			TWAEV: 50 ppm 8	
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butan-1-ol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	OEL: 60 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2022).
	TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.
	C: 30 ppm
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEV: 152 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	ires
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Aerosol.
Color	:	Silver.
Odor	:	Solvent. Sweetish.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	-24°C (-11.2°F)
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: shocks and mechanical impacts.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not applicable.
Relative denoity		
Density	:	0.86 g/cm ³
-	:	
Density	:	
Density Solubility(ies)	:	0.86 g/cm ³
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water		0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water	:	0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water Solubility in water	:	0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available.
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n-	:	0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No.
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable.
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable. Not applicable.
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	:	0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not available.
Density Solubility(ies) Media Cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Heat of combustion		0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Heat of combustion Viscosity		0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable. Not applicable. 31.48 kJ/g Not applicable.
Density Solubility(ies) Media Cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Heat of combustion Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431)		0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable. Not applicable. 31.48 kJ/g Not applicable.
Density Solubility(ies) Media cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Heat of combustion Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) Particle characteristics		0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable. Not applicable. S1.48 kJ/g Not applicable. Not available. S1.48 kJ/g Not applicable. Not available. Not available.
Density Solubility(ies) Media Cold water hot water Solubility in water Miscible with water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Heat of combustion Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) Particle characteristics Median particle size		0.86 g/cm ³ : Result Not soluble Not soluble Not available. No. Not applicable. Not applicable. S1.48 kJ/g Not applicable. Not available. S1.48 kJ/g Not applicable. Not available. Not available.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Mouse	727.3 uL/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male, Female	>21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
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	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

IARC	NTP	ACGIH
3	-	A4 A4
	2	3 -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

<u>Teratogenicity</u>

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	J	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential	<u>acute</u>	<u>health</u>	<u>effects</u>

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Zinc Spray

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Zinc Spray	32761.3	16305.7	N/A	163.1	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethyl acetate	5620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity Product/ingredient name Result Species Exposure xylene Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water Crustaceans - Cypris 48 hours subglobosa Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water Crustaceans - Palaemonetes 48 hours pugio - Adult Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water Crustaceans - Palaemonetes 48 hours pugio Fish - Carassius auratus 96 hours Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Lepomis macrochirus -96 hours Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Lepomis macrochirus 96 hours 96 hours Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 hours acetone Acute EC50 11493300 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Navicula seminulum 96 hours 96 hours Acute EC50 11727900 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Navicula seminulum Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Selenastrum sp. 96 hours Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water Algae - Ulva pertusa 96 hours Acute EC50 23.5 mg/l Fresh water 48 hours Daphnia - Daphnia magna Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa -48 hours Copepodid Acute LC50 7550000 µg/l Fresh water 48 hours Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus Acute LC50 8098000 µg/l Fresh water Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia 48 hours dubia - Neonate Acute LC50 11.26487 ml/L Fresh water Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex 48 hours - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) : 2/19/2025 Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/12/2025 Version : 2.3 12/16 Date of previous issue

Section 12. Ecological information

			1
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7810000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8800000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 7280000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 8120000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6210000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 ml/L Marine water	Algae - Karenia brevis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Bioaccumulative potential</u>				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low	
acetone	-0.23	-	Low	
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low	
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low	
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

Bioaccumulative notential

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

•				
	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	Aerosols	EROSOLS (Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized))	Rerosols, flammable (Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized))
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail. Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 Special provisions 80, 107

Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification	:	Reportable quantity1333.3 lbs / 605.33 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantitiesless than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportablequantity) transportation requirements.Limited quantity Yes.Packaging instructionExceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None.Quantity limitationPassenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg.Special provisionsN82
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203. Special provisions A145, A167, A802
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: dimethylether; zinc (and its compounds);
xylene (all isomers); aluminum (fume or dust only); ethyl acetate; butyl acetate (all
isomers); n-butyl alcohol
- **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

<u>Involtory not</u>	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	 Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5/12/2025 Date

Date of previous issue :

Section 15. Regulatory information

: Not determined.
: Not determined.
: Not determined.
: All components are active or exempted.
: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 5/14/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/12/2025
Date of previous issue	: 2/19/2025
Version	: 2.3
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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