SAFETY DATA SHEET



according to WHMIS 2015 and ANSI Z400.1-2010

Zinc Spray

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : Zinc Spray
Product code : 110000

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesAerosol product

Supplier's details : WEICON GmbH & Co. KG

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : ► Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

: P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. Response

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. ₱410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Storage

P410 + P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Disposal

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
▼ylene	≥5 - ≤10	1330-20-7
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	≥5 - ≤10	-
acetone	≥5 - ≤10	67-64-1
ethyl acetate	≥5 - ≤10	141-78-6
n-butyl acetate	≥5 - ≤10	123-86-4
butan-1-ol	≥1 - ≤5	71-36-3

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight

clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways. drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
viene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Xylene] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
acetone	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1190 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 2380 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
ethyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1440 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWAEV: 1440 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

7/2013).

STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.

n-butyl acetate

butan-1-ol

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

[butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetate, all isomers]

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates]

STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.

C: 30 ppm

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).

Absorbed through skin.

STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 152 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®/butyl rubber

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Aerosol.

Color : Silver.

Odor : Solvent. Sweetish.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : No results available.

Melting point/freezing point : -24°C (-11.2°F)

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		Va	por pressure	e at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
dimethyl ether	3850	513.3				
acetone	180.01	24				
ethyl acetate	81.59	10.9				
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
butan-1-ol	<7.5	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
xylene	6.7	0.89				
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	0.37503	0.05				

Relative vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : Not available.
Density : 0.86 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
<mark></mark>	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : N_0 .

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable.Decomposition temperature: Not available.Heat of combustion: \$1.48 kJ/gViscosity: Not available.Flow time (ISO 2431): Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size :

: Not applicable.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ylene	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Mouse	727.3 uL/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Ø ral	32761.3 mg/kg
Dermal	16305.67 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	163.06 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
x ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
xylene	3	-	A4
acetone	-	-	A4

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
x ylene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
K ylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact: Kadverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Zinc Spray	32761.3	16305.7	N/A	163.1	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethyl acetate	5620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Section 11. Toxicological information

n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A	1

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	0	
	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
Acute LC50 16940 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Acute LC50 20870 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Acute LC50 19000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acute EC50 11493300 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
Acute EC50 11727900 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
Acute LC50 7550000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
Acute LC50 8098000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 11.26487 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
Acute LC50 6000000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
Acute LC50 7460000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
Acute LC50 7810000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 9218000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 8800000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
Acute LC50 8000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 16940 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 20870 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 19000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11493300 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11727900 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 7200000 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water Acute LC50 7550000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8098000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 11.26487 ml/L Fresh water Acute LC50 7460000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 7810000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 7810000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9218000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9218000 μg/l Fresh water	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 16940 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 19000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 11727900 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11727900 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11727900 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water Acute LC50 7550000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 11.26487 ml/L Fresh water Acute LC50 7460000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 7810000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9218000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8800000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8800000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8800000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9218000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8800000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 88000000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8800000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 9218000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 88000000 μg/l Fresh

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Section 12. Ecological information

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	Acute LC50 7280000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 8120000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6210000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 ml/L Marine water	Algae - Karenia brevis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	32 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
x ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
acetone	-0.23	-	low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low

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Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	Aerosols	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1
Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75

Special provisions 80, 107

DOT Classification

: Reportable quantity 1333.3 lbs / 605.33 kg [185.94 gal / 703.88 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the

RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Limited quantity Yes.

<u>Packaging instruction</u> Exceptions: 306. Non-bulk: None. Bulk: None. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger aircraft/rail: 75 kg. Cargo aircraft: 150 kg.

Special provisions N82

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules F-D, S-U

Special provisions 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

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Section 14. Transport information

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.

Special provisions A145, A167, A802

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: dimethylether; zinc (and its compounds);

xylene (all isomers); aluminum (fume or dust only); ethyl acetate; butyl acetate (all

isomers); n-butyl alcohol

CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.

Canada: All components are listed or exempted.China: All components are listed or exempted.

Eurasian Economic Union: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined.

Philippines : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : Not determined.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States: All components are active or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

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Section 16. Other information

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
► AMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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