SAFETY DATA SHEET



Stainless Steel Care Fluid

Section 1. Identific	
Product identifier	: Stainless Steel Care Fluid
Product code	: 155900
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	
Not available.	
Supplier's details	: WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone: +49 251 93220, Fax: +49 251 9322244 email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msds@weicon.de
National contact WEICON Canada Inc. 20 Steckle Place, Unit 20 Kitchener, Ontario N2E 2C3, CA www.weicon.ca E-mail: info@weicon.ca Telephone: +1-519-896-5252 Telefax: +1-519-896-5254	Ą
Emergency telephone number	: +1 866 928 0789 (24h - Toll free) TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free)
Emergency telephone number Section 2. Hazard i	TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free)
Emergency telephone number Section 2. Hazard i Classification of the	TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free)
Emergency telephone number	TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free) identification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) Category 3
Emergency telephone number Section 2. Hazard i Classification of the substance or mixture	TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free) identification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) Category 3
Emergency telephone number Section 2. Hazard i Classification of the substance or mixture	TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free) identification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) Category 3
Emergency telephone number Section 2. Hazard i Classification of the substance or mixture GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free) Identification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 : Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Colspan="2">Category 1

1/15

Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention	: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking.
	P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
	P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	 P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

w boiling point hydrogen treated aphtha; Naphtha, petroleum, /drotreated light; Hydrotreated light, raight run, petroleum; naphtha etroleum), hydrotreated light, as ht oils; low boiling point hydrogen eated naphtha, as light oils; ydrotreated light straight run etroleum); Naphtha (petroleum),	≥30 - ≤60	64742-49-0
/drotreated light, Low boiling point /drogen treated naphtha		
hylene glycol monobutyl ether; utyl cellosolve; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-; utylglycol; Ethylene glycol, mono-n- utyl ester; Ethylene glycol onobutyl ether-; Jeffersol EB; ktasolve EB; Dowanol EB; Butyl kitol; EGBE	≥10 - ≤30	111-76-2
ow boiling point hydrogen treated aphtha; Hydrotreated heavy aphtha (petroleum); Hydrotreated ht steam cracked naphtha siduum (petroleum); Naphtha, etroleum, hydrotreated heavy; ydrotreated light, steam cracked aphtha residuum, petroleum; ydrotreated heavy naphtha; aphtha, (petroleum), heavy, ydrotreated; NAPHTHA	≥10 - ≤30	64742-48-9
'hite mineral oil, petroleum; White birits; Mineral oil; Paraffin oil; White	≥5 - ≤10	8042-47-5
hutokii valahseyaya ku	drogen treated naphtha hylene glycol monobutyl ether; tyl cellosolve; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-; itylglycol; Ethylene glycol, mono-n- tyl ester; Ethylene glycol onobutyl ether-; Jeffersol EB; tasolve EB; Dowanol EB; Butyl itol; EGBE w boiling point hydrogen treated phtha; Hydrotreated heavy phtha (petroleum); Hydrotreated ht steam cracked naphtha siduum (petroleum); Naphtha, troleum, hydrotreated heavy; rdrotreated light, steam cracked phtha residuum, petroleum; rdrotreated heavy naphtha; aphtha, (petroleum), heavy, drotreated; NAPHTHA hite mineral oil, petroleum; White irits; Mineral oil; Paraffin oil; White	drogen treated naphtha hylene glycol monobutyl ether; tyl cellosolve; Ethanol, 2-butoxy-; tylglycol; Ethylene glycol, mono-n- tyl ester; Ethylene glycol ponobutyl ether-; Jeffersol EB; tasolve EB; Dowanol EB; Butyl itol; EGBE w boiling point hydrogen treated phtha; Hydrotreated heavy phtha (petroleum); Hydrotreated ht steam cracked naphtha siduum (petroleum); Naphtha, troleum, hydrotreated heavy; rdrotreated light, steam cracked phtha residuum, petroleum; rdrotreated heavy naphtha; aphtha, (petroleum), heavy, drotreated; NAPHTHA hite mineral oil, petroleum; White irits; Mineral oil; Paraffin oil; White

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	mineral oil; Paraffinum liquidum; OILS, WHITE MINERAL, PETROLEUM; petroleum mineral oil		
propan-2-ol	isopropanol; 2-Propanol	≥1 - ≤5	67-63-0
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	d-limonene; Cyclohexene, 1-methyl- 4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)-; Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4- (1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-; Limonene, D-; (4R)-1-methyl-4-(prop-1-en-2-yl) cyclohexene; (+)-limonene; d- limonene; (4R)-1-methyl-4- (1-methylethenyl)cyclohexene; (R) -4-isopropenyl-1-methylcyclohexene; LIMONENE, (+)-; P-MENTHA- 1,8-DIENE, (R)-(+)-; 1-METHYL-4- (1-METHYLETHENYL) CYCLOHEXENE, (R)-	≥1 - ≤5	5989-27-5

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.		
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 4/10/2025
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 2.2
 3/15

Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/syn	nptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. **For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
HIGHLY REFINED BASE OILS Viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s at 40°C	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Oil mist - mineral, severely refined] TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Oil mist, mineral] OEL: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist OEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
propan-2-ol	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 984 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 492 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours.

No exposure indices known.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III ; 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Clear.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/10/2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation	/ersion : 2.2 7/15

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Boiling point, initial boiling	: 78°C (172.4°F)
point, and boiling range	
Flash point	: Closed cup: -18 to 23°C (-0.4 to 73.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 15%
Vapor pressure	: 12.4 kPa (92.9 mm Hg) [50°C (122°F)]
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.779 g/cm ³ [20925.9°C (37698.6°F)]
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: No.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20 mm²/s (<20 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

8/15

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	230 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	536 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	1130 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	252 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	307 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1167 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	320 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Mammal - species unspecified	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Mouse	1050 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Route of exposure unreported	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	143 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rat	1500 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Subcutaneous	Mouse	500 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Mammal - species unspecified	100 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Man - Male	132 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Woman - Female	600 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Woman - Female	7813 uL/kg	-
	TDLo Route of exposure unreported	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
laphtha (petroleum), ydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m³	4 hours

	- J			
HIGHLY REFINED BASE OILS Viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s at 40°C	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 %	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
2-butoxyethanol	3	-	A3
HIGHLÝ REFINED BASE OILS Viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s at 40°C	-	-	A4
propan-2-ol	3	-	A4
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	3	-	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
HIGHLY REFINED BASE OILS Viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s at 40°C	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

routes of exposure

Information on the likely

Potential acute nealth effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Not available.

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Stainless Steel Care Fluid	8160.6	N/A	N/A	20.4	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	1200	N/A	N/A	3	N/A
propan-2-ol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	4400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250 ppm Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	Acute EC50 421 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute EC50 688 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	2.2 to 5.2	10 to 2500	High
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
HIGHLY REFINED BASE OILS Viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s at 40°C	>6	-	High
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	4.38	-	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	sewers.

Section 14. Transport information				
	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	Flammable liquids, n.o. s. (ethanol, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	Flammable liquid, n.o. s. (ethanol, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3		3
Packing group	11	Ш	11	П
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

13/15

Section 14. Transport information

Special provisions16, 150DOT Classification: Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 274IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if require transportation regulations. Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging ins Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quant Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341. Special provisions A3Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed contai upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know the event of an accident or spillage.Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: Not available.	d by other tructions: 353. ties -
DOT Classification: Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 274IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required transportation regulations. 	d by other tructions: 353. ties -
DOT Classification: Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ Special provisions 274IATA: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required transportation regulations. 	d by other tructions: 353.
DOT Classification : Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L. Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of Emergency schedules	≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
DOT Classification : Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 5 L. Cargo aircraft: 60 L.	
<u>Special provisions</u> 16, 150	
TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road of Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 	U

Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>Canadian lists</u>

Canadian NPRI	:	The following components are listed: ethanol; 2-butoxyethanol; hydrotreated heavy naphtha; isopropyl alcohol; D-Limonene
CEPA Toxic substances	:	The following components are listed: 2-butoxyethanol
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Conventi	on	List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on F Not listed.	<u>er</u> :	sistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention on P	rio	<u>r Informed Consent (PIC)</u>
Not listed.		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on	PC	Ps and Heavy Metals
Not listed.		
Inventory list		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 4/10/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/10/2025
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 2.2
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.