## SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Anti-Seize Assembly Paste

Section 1. Identif					
Product identifier	: Anti-Seize Assembly Paste				
Product code	: 260000				
Relevant identified uses of Identified uses	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against				
Corrosion inhibitor. Lubricat	ing agent				
Supplier's details	: WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone: +49 251 93220, Fax: +49 251 9322244 email: info@weicon.de, URL: www.weicon.de				
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msds@weicon.de				
National contact WEICON Canada Inc. 20 Steckle Place, Unit 20 Kitchener, Ontario N2E 2C3, www.weicon.ca E-mail: info@weicon.ca Telephone: +1-519-896-5254 Telefax: +1-519-896-5254					
Emergency telephone number	: +1 866 928 0789 (24h - Toll free) TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT :+1 866 928 0789 ((24h - Toll free)				
Section 2. Hazar	d identification				
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1				
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms					
Signal word	: Danger				
Hazard statements	: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.				
Precautionary statements					
Prevention	: P280 - Wear eye or face protection.				
Response	: P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.				
Storage	: Not applicable.				
Otorage					

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

## Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic; Hydrotreated light naphthenic distillate, solvent extract, petroleum; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light naphthenic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light naphthenic; Hydrotreated light naphthenic distillate (petroleum); Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light naphthenic; Hydrotreated light naphthenic distillate solvent extract (petroleum); Hydrotreated light naphthenic distillate; Hydrotreated light naphthenic (petroleum); Hydrotreated light	≥10 - ≤30	64742-53-6
calcium dihydroxide	Calcium hydroxide; Slaked lime; Hydrated lime; Caustic lime; Calcium hydrate; calcium hydroxide, not obtained from the product of calcining natural materials, other than that of CN code 2825 90 11; calcium hydroxide, obtained from the product of calcining natural materials; slaked lime; hydrated lime; caustic lime; builders' lime; lime milk; milk of lime; calcium hydrate, obtained from the product of calcining natural materials; calcium dihydroxide, obtained from the product of calcining natural materials; Calcium hydroxide, nanoparticles; calcium hydroxide (Ca(OH)2); MILK OF LIME	≥5 - ≤10	1305-62-0
copper	copper flakes; Copper, powder; Copper Fume (as Cu); Copper Dust and mists (as Cu); COPPER DUSTS AND MISTS; Copper metal fumes; Copper metal dusts; Copper, fume; Copper , dusts & mists; Copper concentrate; Copper metal	≥1 - ≤5	7440-50-8

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects Eve contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : No specific data. Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing
	thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop<br/>up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry<br/>material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a<br/>licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ďistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	<ul> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>[Oil mist, mineral] OEL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Mist OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist</li> </ul>
calcium dihydroxide	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
copper	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists 8 hrs OEL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and mists TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: dust and mists CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cu) 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cu) 15 minutes. Form: dust and mist TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Cu) 8 hours. Form: dust and mist CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: dusts & mists TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: fume
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#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.		
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measur	<u>25</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III ; 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2		
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Gray.
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 170°C (338°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Density	:	1.2 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility(ies)		:
Not available.		
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Miscible with water	:	No.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal cond should not be prod

**on** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
calcium dihydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic		Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.5 MI	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
calcium dihydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	-	-	A4

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
calcium dihydroxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

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Product/ingredient name		Result	
Distillates (petroleum), hydr	otreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Not available.		
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage	е.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the ph	nysical, chemical and toxicolog	ical characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may inclustomach pains	lude the following:	
	· · · · · <b>·</b> · · ·	om short and long term exposure	
Jelayed and immediate effe	ects and also chronic effects fro		
<u>Delayed and immediate eπe</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>	ects and also chronic effects fro	<u> </u>	
-	ects and also chronic effects fro		
Short term exposure Potential immediate	: Not available.		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>		
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available.	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>	s or critical hazards.	
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health ef Not available. General	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ffects</li> <li>No known significant effects</li> </ul>	s or critical hazards. s or critical hazards.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Anti-Seize Assembly Paste	13333.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
calcium dihydroxide	7340	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
copper	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity			-
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
calcium dihydroxide	Acute LC50 33884.4 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Clarias gariepinus</i> - Fingerling	96 hours
copper	Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina -</i> Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute IC50 16 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Chlorella pyrenoidosa -</i> Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - <i>Plantae</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Amphipoda</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.56 μg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Periophthalmus waltoni -</i> Adult	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.5 μg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia closterium</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oreochromis niloticus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

# Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (copper, zinc oxide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (copper, zinc oxide)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (copper, zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Packing group	111	111	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

#### Additional information

TDG Classification	<ul> <li>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as dangerous goods when transported by road or rail.</li> <li><u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 5 <u>Special provisions</u> 16, 99</li> </ul>
DOT Classification	<ul> <li>Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials unless transported by inland waterway. This product is not regulated as a hazardous material when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.</li> <li><u>Limited quantity</u> Yes.</li> <li><u>Packaging instruction</u> Exceptions: 155. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 241.</li> <li><u>Special provisions</u> 8, 146, 173, 335, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29</li> </ul>
IMDG	<ul> <li>This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.</li> <li>Emergency schedules F-A, S-F</li> <li>Special provisions 274, 335, 969</li> </ul>
ΙΑΤΑ	<ul> <li>This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.</li> <li><u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y964.</li> <li><u>Special provisions</u> A97, A158, A197</li> </ul>
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## Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information			
Canadian lists			
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: copper (and its compounds); aluminum (fume or dust only); zinc (and its compounds); zinc (and its compounds)		
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.		
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Convent	ion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals		
Not listed.			
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on I Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollutants		
Rotterdam Convention on F Not listed.	Prior Informed Consent (PIC)		
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	POPs and Heavy Metals		
Inventory list			
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.		
China	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.		
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.		
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Thailand	: Not determined.		
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.		
United States	: All components are active or exempted.		
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Section 16. Other	information		

<u>History</u>	
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## Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method

**References** : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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