

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Anti-Seize Assembly Paste Presspack

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Anti-Seize Assembly Paste Presspack  
**UFI** : FUQ0-T0CN-800U-S7YV  
**Product code** : 260001  
**Color** : Gray.  
**Product type** : Aerosol.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Aerosol product  
Corrosion inhibitor.Lubricating agent  
When using Anti-Seize on chrome-nickel steel, the formation of chromium(VI) can occur above 400°C.

#### Uses advised against

#### Reason

Not applicable.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

WEICON GmbH & Co. KG  
Königsberger Str. 25,  
48157 Münster, Germany  
phone: +49 251 93220,  
Fax: +49 251 932244  
email: info@weicon.de,  
URL: www.weicon.de

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : msds@weicon.de

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Center

**Telephone number** : EMERGENCY CONTACT – UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333 (English)  
TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333 (English)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 3, H229  
Eye Dam. 1, H318  
Aquatic Acute 1, H400  
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Danger

Hazard statements :

H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statements

Prevention :

P280 - Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response :

P391 - Collect spillage.  
P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage :

P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Disposal :

P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Hazardous ingredients :

calcium dihydroxide

Supplemental label elements :

Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles :

Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII :

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification :

Aspiration hazard - Not applicable.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	REACH #: 01-2119480375-34 EC: 265-156-6 CAS: 64742-53-6	≥10 - ≤25	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
calcium dihydroxide	REACH #: 01-2119475151-45 EC: 215-137-3 CAS: 1305-62-0	≥5 - <10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aluminium powder (stabilized)	REACH #: 01-2119529243-45 EC: 231-072-3 CAS: 7429-90-5 Index: 013-002-00-1	≥3 - ≤5	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Water-react. 2, H261	-	[2]
copper	REACH #: 01-2119480154-42 EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	≥3 - ≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥3 - ≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	REACH #: 01-2119467174-37 EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6 Index: 030-001-01-9	≥1 - ≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410  <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

##### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
E1	100 tonne	200 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
calcium dihydroxide	<b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).</b> TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction <b>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023).</b> TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	<b>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). []</b> TWA: 1.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: alveolar fraction PEAK: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: alveolar fraction PEAK: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction <b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Aluminium, Aluminium oxide and Aluminium hydroxide, containing dusts]</b>

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

copper	<p>TWA: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust TWA: 1.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable dust</p> <p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Copper and its inorganic compounds]</b> PEAK: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction TWA: 0.01 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</p>
zinc oxide	<p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Zinc and its inorganic compounds]</b> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</p>
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	<p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Zinc and its inorganic compounds]</b> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</p>

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.74 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.97 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
calcium dihydroxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

copper	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	137 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	273 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.041 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### PNECs

No PNECs available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

**Physical state** : Gas.  
**Color** : Gray.  
**Odor** : Benzene-like.  
**Odor threshold** : Not available.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flammability</b>	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.
<b>Lower and upper explosion limit</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Kinematic (40°C): Not applicable. Not available.
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Density</b>	: 1.2 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)]
<b>Vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b><u>Particle characteristics</u></b>	
<b>Median particle size</b>	: Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	: Not available.

#### **Aerosol product**

<b>Type of aerosol</b>	: Spray
------------------------	---------

#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

<b>Miscible with water</b>	: No.
----------------------------	-------

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	: No specific data.
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
calcium dihydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Anti-Seize Assembly Paste Presspack	13333.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
calcium dihydroxide	7340	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
copper	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.5 MI	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
calcium dihydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
zinc oxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
zinc powder zinc dust (stabilised)	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Sensitization

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
calcium dihydroxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness  
**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur  
**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.  
**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
calcium dihydroxide	Acute LC50 33884.4 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Clarias gariepinus</i> - Fingerling	96 hours
copper	Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i>	4 days
	Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia longispina</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute IC50 16 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - <i>Plantae</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Amphipoda</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Periophthalmus waltoni</i> - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia closterium</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Cambarus bartonii</i> - Mature	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oreochromis niloticus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks
zinc oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	Acute EC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Lemna minor</i>	4 days
	Acute IC50 65 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Nitzschia closterium</i> - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Acute LC50 65 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 68 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12.21 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Periophthalmus waltoni</i> - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 59.2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.25 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - <i>Ceratophyllum</i>	3 days	

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Chronic NOEC 178 µg/l Marine water	<i>demersum</i> Crustaceans - <i>Palaemon elegans</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2.6 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	4 weeks

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
zinc oxide	-	28960	High

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
16 05 04*	gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances

#### Packaging








**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

<b>Type of packaging</b>		<b>European waste catalogue (EWC)</b>
Can	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, non-flammable
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	2  	2  	2.2  	2.2 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

### Additional information

**ADR/RID** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  
**Limited quantity** 1 L  
**Special provisions** 190, 327, 625, 344  
**Tunnel code (E)**  
**ADR Classification Code:** 5A

**ADN** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  
**Special provisions** 190, 327, 625, 344

**IMDG** : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  
**Emergency schedules** F-D, S-U  
**Special provisions** 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  
**Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.  
**Special provisions** A98, A145, A167, A802

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

###### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

###### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

No listed substance

##### Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Listed

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable.

##### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

##### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

##### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**Aerosol dispensers** :

**3**

3.75% by mass of the contents are flammable.

##### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

##### Danger criteria

Category
E1

##### National regulations

**Storage class (TRGS 510)** : 2B

##### Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

##### Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
E1	1.3.1

**Hazard class for water** : 3



## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Technical instruction on air quality control** : TA-Luft Class II - Number 5.2.7.1.1: 12.5-25%  
TA-Luft Number 5.2.1: 10-18.5%  
TA-Luft Class III - Number 5.2.2: 3.5-7.5%  
TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 1-5%

**AOX** : The product does not contain organically bound halogens which could lead to an AOX value in waste water.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**Australia** : Not determined.  
**Canada** : Not determined.  
**China** : Not determined.  
**Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.  
**New Zealand** : Not determined.  
**Philippines** : Not determined.  
**Republic of Korea** : Not determined.  
**Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.  
**Thailand** : Not determined.  
**Turkey** : Not determined.  
**United States** : Not determined.  
**Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
N/A = Not available  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SGG = Segregation Group  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Anti-Seize Assembly Paste Presspack

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 3, H229 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H228	Flammable solid.
H229	Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gas.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aerosol 3	AEROSOLS - Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Flam. Sol. 1	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3
Water-react. 2	SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2

**Date of printing** : 1/10/2025

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 1/9/2025

**Date of previous issue** : 11/21/2023

**Version** : 4.1

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.