## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



#### **Aluminium Paint**

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Aluminium Paint

**UFI** : 09K1-P0XW-M008-HDFR

Product code : 150020
Color : Silver.
Product type : Liquid.

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Metal plating.-Paint.

Uses advised against Reason

Not applicable.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 25, 48157 Münster, Germany phone: +49 251 93220, Fax: +49 251 9322244 email: info@weicon.de,

e-mail address of person

URL: www.weicon.de

: msds@weicon.de

responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number : EMERGENCY CONTACT – UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333

(English)

TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44

1865 407333 (English)

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition**: Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements**: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage**: P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

: Contains maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances. mixtures and

articles

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No.

 This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do

: None known.

not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EC: 918-668-5	≥10 - <25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	REACH #: 01-2119529243-45 EC: 231-072-3 CAS: 7429-90-5 Index: 013-002-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Water-react. 2, H261	-	[2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥5 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9	≥5 - ≤10	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≥1 - <3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/kg	[1] [2]
maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	<0.001	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash

clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been

swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person

providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

redness

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### **Danger criteria**

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold	
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne	

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Occupational exposure limits	F
Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 7/2021). [] TWA: 1.25 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: alveolar fraction PEAK: 2.5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: alveolar fraction
	PEAK: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction <b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021). [Aluminium,</b>
	Aluminium oxide and Aluminium hydroxide, containing dusts] TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
	TWA: 1.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
n-butyl acetate	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 480 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 960 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023).
	TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 62 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 124 ppm 15 minutes.
xylene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023). [xylene] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)]
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes	
cyclics, < 2% aromatics	AGW: 100 mg/m³
butan-1-ol	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023).
	TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 310 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
maleic anhydride	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 4/2023). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation
maiele allityuliue	sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.081 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CEIL: 0.2025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA: 0.02 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 0.05 ppm

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PEAK: 0.081 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

TWA: 0.02 ppm 8 hours.

CEIL: 0.05 ml/m<sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.081 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

CEIL: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

PEAK: 0.081 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 0.02 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name xylene	Exposure indices DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers) BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.				
butan-1-ol	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022)  BEI: 2 mg/g creatinine, 1-butanol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the beginning of the next shift.  BEI: 10 mg/g creatinine, 1-butanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.  TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)  BEI: 2 mg/g creatinine, butan-1-ol (butanol-1) (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the beginning of the next shift.  BEI: 10 mg/g creatinine, butan-1-ol (butanol-1) (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.				

## Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
butan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55.357 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	155 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
maleic anhydride	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.05 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.06 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.08 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended: 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of nitrile rubber (material thickness of 0,4 mm); EN 374-5 Cat. III; 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves made of Viton®/ butyl rubber (material thickness of 0,7 mm); EN388 Cat.II / EN374 Cat.III / EN374-2

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Silver.

Odor : Aromatic. Benzene-like.

Odor threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and : 126°C (258.8°F)

boiling range Flammability

: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open

flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosion

limit

: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 10.4%

Flash point : Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm²/s

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapor pressure

	Va	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		Va	at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
n-butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
butan-1-ol	<7.50064	<1	DIN EN 13016-2			
xylene	6.7	0.89				
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	0.37503	0.05				
maleic anhydride	0.24752	0.033				

Relative density : Not available.

: 0.98 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] **Density** 

: Not available. Vapor density

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Fire point : >200°C

**Explosive properties** : Not available. Oxidizing properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : No.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous

: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis. decomposition products

Product may release hydrogen - avoid sources of ignition.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male, Female	>21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Mouse	727.3 uL/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Aluminium Paint	39500.0	11111.1	N/A	111.1	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	N/A	1100	N/A	11	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	_
		. 10.0.011		mg	
malaia anhudrida	Fyon Sovere irritent	Dobbit		1.0/	
maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

## : Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 2	-	-
maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

**Packaging** 

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT mixture	PAINT	PAINT	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### **Additional information**

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### SECTION 14: Transport information

: Hazard identification number 30 ADR/RID

Limited quantity 5 L

Special provisions 163, 650, 367

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADR Classification Code: F1

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels.

Special provisions 163, 367, 650

**IMDG** : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

**Special provisions** 163, 223, 367, 955

IATA **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions:

355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

Special provisions A3, A72, A192

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in

bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
Aluminium Paint	≥90	3

Labeling : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category P5c

#### **National regulations**

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 2

Technical instruction on

: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 41.9-67.9%

air quality control

**VOC content** : 49 % **VOC (g/L)** : 480.23

**International regulations** 

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.

**Eurasian Economic Union : Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : Not determined. **Philippines** : Not determined. Republic of Korea : Not determined. **Taiwan** : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** 

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H228	Flammable solid.
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gas.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if
	inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Flam. Sol. 1 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1 Resp. Sens. 1 **RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1** Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -

SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH

WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2

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#### **Notice to reader**

Water-react. 2

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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