# SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### according to Workplace Safety and Health Regulations Singapore

**Isolation Spray** 

## Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	:	Isolation Spray
Product code	:	115514

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Aerosol product

Supplier's details	: WEICON GmbH & Co. KG Königsberger Str. 255 48157 Münster Germany Phone: +49 251 93220 Fax: +49(0)251 / 9322 - 244 Internet: www.weicon.de
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: msds@weicon.de
Emergency telephone number	<ul> <li>EMERGENCY CONTACT – UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333 (English)</li> <li>TRANSPORT EMERGENCY CONTACT - UK, UAE, South Africa (24h): Tel: ++44 1865 407333 (English)</li> </ul>

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: AEROSOLS - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing dust or mist.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>P405 - Store locked up.</li> <li>P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.</li> <li>P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.
Other hazards which do not	: None known.

result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
acetone	≥25 - ≤50	67-64-1
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
xylene isomers mixture	<10	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**Chemical formula** : Not applicable.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
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## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

MOSt Important Symptoms/	<u>nects, deute and delayed</u>
Potential acute health effe	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	oms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
	suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and<br/>explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.<br/>Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an<br/>appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal<br/>contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 5 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructio before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilatior inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ign source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product resid and can be hazardous.					ns n is iition g)	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	handled, sto eating, drink equipment b	drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before lrinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective ent before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional ion on hygiene measures.					
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	cool and we and food an appropriate	in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) bod and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use opriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for apatible materials before handling or use.					)
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
acetone	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 750 ppm 8 hours. PEL (long term): 1780 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (short term): 2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
n-butyl acetate	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 150 ppm 8 hours. PEL (long term): 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (short term): 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 200 ppm 15 minutes.
xylene isomers mixture	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). [Xylene] PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (short term): 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 150 ppm 15 minutes.
ethylbenzene	Workplace Safety and Health Act (Singapore, 2/2006). PEL (long term): 100 ppm 8 hours. PEL (long term): 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEL (short term): 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. PEL (short term): 125 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur- they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
Individual protection measures				
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.			
Skin protection				

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended : 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton®/butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended : organic vapor (Type AX) and particulate filter

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Aerosol.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Benzene-like.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable.
Fire point	: >200°C (>392°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.</li> <li>Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.</li> </ul>
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 15%

#### Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
propane	6300.51	840					
isobutane	2280.19	304					
acetone	180.01	24					
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2					
xylene isomers mixture	6.7	0.89					
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	0.02	0.0027					
elative vapor density	: Not ava	ailable.			•		
elative density	: Not ava	ailable.					

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Density	: 0.848 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Solubility(ies)	:	
Not available.		
Solubility in water	: Not available.	
Miscible with water	: No.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Heat of combustion	: 30.51 kJ/g	
Viscosity	: Not available.	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not applicable.	
<u>Aerosol product</u>		
Type of aerosol	: Spray	

Section 10. Stabili	ty and reactivity
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
SADT	: Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male, Female	>21 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
xylene isomers mixture	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2119 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
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## Section 11. Toxicological information

	LDLo Oral	Human	50 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Mouse	727.3 uL/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	-			mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
xylene isomers mixture	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin

: Irritating to skin.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	J	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	J	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

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#### Section 11 Toxicological information

Name			Result	
ethylbenzene ASPIRATION HAZARD - Catego			ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: N	lot available.		
Potential acute health effect	t <u>s</u>			
Eye contact	: (	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation		Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Skin contact	: N	lo known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.	
Ingestion	: (	Can cause central nervous systen	n (CNS) depression.	
Symptoms related to the ph	ysica	, chemical and toxicological cl	naracteristics	
Eye contact	þ	dverse symptoms may include th ain or irritation /atering edness	ne following:	
Inhalation	r c r h c	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness		
Skin contact	: N	lo specific data.		
Ingestion	: N	lo specific data.		
Delayed and immediate effe	cts ar	d also chronic effects from sh	ort and long term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u>				
Potential immediate effects	: N	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: N	lot available.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: N	lot available.		
Potential delayed effects	: N	lot available.		
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>			
Not available.				
General	: N	lo known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: 8	Ū	k of cancer depends on duration and level of	
Mutagenicity	: N	lo known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: N	lo known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.	
Developmental effects	: N	lo known significant effects or cri	tical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
acetone n-butyl acetate ethylbenzene	10768	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A		N/A N/A N/A

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Not available.	

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 11493300 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11727900 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7550000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8098000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11.26487 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7810000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9218000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8800000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 7280000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 8120000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6210000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 ml/L Marine water	Algae - Karenia brevis	96 hours
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## Section 12. Ecological information

Section 12. ECO	ogical mormation		
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
xylene isomers mixture	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone n-butyl acetate xylene isomers mixture	-	- - 8.1 to 25.9	low low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

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Disposal methods
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	ADR/RID
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	Aerosols, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

UN	: <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959
ΙΑΤΑ	<ul> <li><u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 75 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.</li> <li><u>Special provisions</u> A145, A167, A802</li> </ul>
ADR/RID	: <u>Limited quantity</u> 1 L <u>Special provisions</u> 190, 327, 625, 344 <u>Tunnel code</u> (D) <u>ADR Classification Code:</u> 5F

## Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Inventory list

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.	
China	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.	
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Thailand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.	
United States	: All components are active or exempted.	
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines Republic of Korea Taiwan Thailand Turkey United States	<ul> <li>All components are listed or exempted.</li> </ul>	

### Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 5/14/2023
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Date of previous issue	: 10/20/2022
Version	: 3.02

## Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Justification
On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method

**References** : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.